

Ms 5103/2. Szórási László és magne-selgi mérések

1 kötetes fol. bor.

MTA AKADEMIA
KÖZLEKEDÉSI NYELVÉDELMI NAPLÓ
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Ms 5103/2

Magnesség mérések

Variációk és Nól.

negatív jelű va minden negatív értéket
 Összevonás ~~hatalmában~~ $\xi^2 = 0$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{x^2}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{y^2}{r^5}$$

$$x y z = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} = \left(\frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{x^2}{r^5} \right) m$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} = \left(\frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{y^2}{r^5} \right) m$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = \left(\frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{z^2}{r^5} \right) m$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} = -3 \frac{xy}{r^5} m$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} = -3 \frac{xz}{r^5} m$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} = -3 \frac{yz}{r^5} m$$

~~1. rész~~

Érővezeték négy Delta jelű pontnál minden egyenlő
 { helyen } ξ η ξ'

Y jelű deklaráció δ irányítás ξ

$$\xi' = \xi - \cos \delta \cos \eta$$

$$\eta' = -\eta$$

$$\xi'' = \xi - \cos \delta \sin \eta$$

tan $\delta \sin \eta$ $\xi^2 + \eta^2 + \xi'^2$ egy konstans

$$\frac{1}{r^{13}} = \frac{1}{(\xi^2 + \eta^2 + \xi'^2 - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{1}{(\xi^2 + \eta^2 + \xi^2 - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{15}} = \frac{1}{(\xi^2 + \eta^2 + \xi^2 + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta)^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{13}} = \frac{1}{r^3} \frac{1}{(1 - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{1}{r^3} \frac{1}{(1 - 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{13}} = \frac{1}{r^3} \left(1 + \frac{3}{2} \frac{2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta}{r^2} \right) \left(1 - \frac{2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta}{r^2} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{15}} = \frac{1}{r^5} \left(1 + \frac{5}{2} \frac{2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta + 2\xi \cos \delta \sin \eta}{r^2} \right)$$

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Kedves Tisztelt! Datum?

A ^{mágnese} variáció értéke külső mágnes hatásának megjelölésére
 vizsgálat idejére a formulákban, melyek a mágnes potenciáljának
 második differenciál kiértékelésén alapulnak.

Coordinaumendek: A kezdőpont a feljegyzett tér egy mágnes
 tengelyének közepére, melyre a transzlacionális erő hárított.

Az XZ sík erre a kezdőpontra és a külső mágnes tengelyére
 hárított felületre függőleges sík, annak Z fele.

Külső mágnesre vonatkozólag.

Momentuma M

XZ síkra vetett vetületének

A E mágnes ~~Erő~~ ^{Erő} ~~vetületének~~ ^{vetületének} Déli pólusától az északi pólus felé hárított
 erőnek és az X tengely pozitív irányába által hárított inclinációs erő
 E mágnes vízszintes vetületének Déli pólusától az északi pólus felé
 erőnek és az X tengely által, az a pozitív X felé a pozitív Y felé
 kényszerített szöglet δ $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = r^2$

A mágnes középpontjának összehangolási a, b, c ~~erő~~
 értékei.

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} = \frac{3M \cos \delta}{r^5} \left(-3a \cos i - c \sin i + \frac{5a^2}{r^2} (a \cos i + c \sin i) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} = \frac{3M \cos \delta}{r^5} \left(-a \cos i - c \sin i + \frac{5b^2}{r^2} (a \cos i + c \sin i) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = \frac{3M \cos \delta}{r^5} \left(-a \cos i - 3c \sin i + \frac{5c^2}{r^2} (a \cos i + c \sin i) \right)$$

}

$\Delta V = 0$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial z} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} = \frac{3M \cos \delta}{r^5} \left(-a \sin i - c \cos i + \frac{5ac}{r^2} (a \cos i + c \sin i) \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} = 0$$

Erdélyben a kőzetek elvált kőzetek az $\frac{L}{r}$ név szerint
kötésük, a hal. t. a mielőtt megjelenték felhossza.

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МАГЯН
ТУДОМЛЫОС АКАДЕМЯ
КОМПИЛА

$$U = - \frac{m}{\sqrt{(x-\xi)^2 + (y-\eta)^2 + (z-\zeta)^2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = X = + \frac{(x-\xi)}{r^3}$$

$$Y = + \frac{y-\eta}{r^3}$$

$$Z = + \frac{z-\zeta}{r^3}$$

~~Результат~~

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{(x-\xi)^2}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{(y-\eta)^2}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{r^3} - 3 \frac{(z-\zeta)^2}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} = -3 \frac{(x-\xi)(y-\eta)}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial z} = \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} = -3 \frac{(x-\xi)(z-\zeta)}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y \partial z} = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} = -3 \frac{(y-\eta)(z-\zeta)}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{1}{r} \left(1 - \frac{f}{r^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho'} = \frac{1}{r} \left(1 + \frac{f}{r^2}\right)$$

$$V = -\mu \left(\frac{1}{\rho} - \frac{1}{\rho'}\right)$$

$$V = \mu \left(\frac{1}{\rho'} - \frac{1}{\rho}\right)$$

$$\frac{2f}{r^3}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2}(a \cos i \cos \delta + b \sin i \cos \delta + c \sin i)$$

$$V = \mu$$

$$\rho = r \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{a \cos i \cos \delta + b \sin i \cos \delta + c \sin i}{r^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{1}{r} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{a \cos i \cos \delta + b \sin i \cos \delta + c \sin i}{r^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{6\mu f}{r^5} = \frac{\mu a \cos i \cos \delta}{r^3}$$

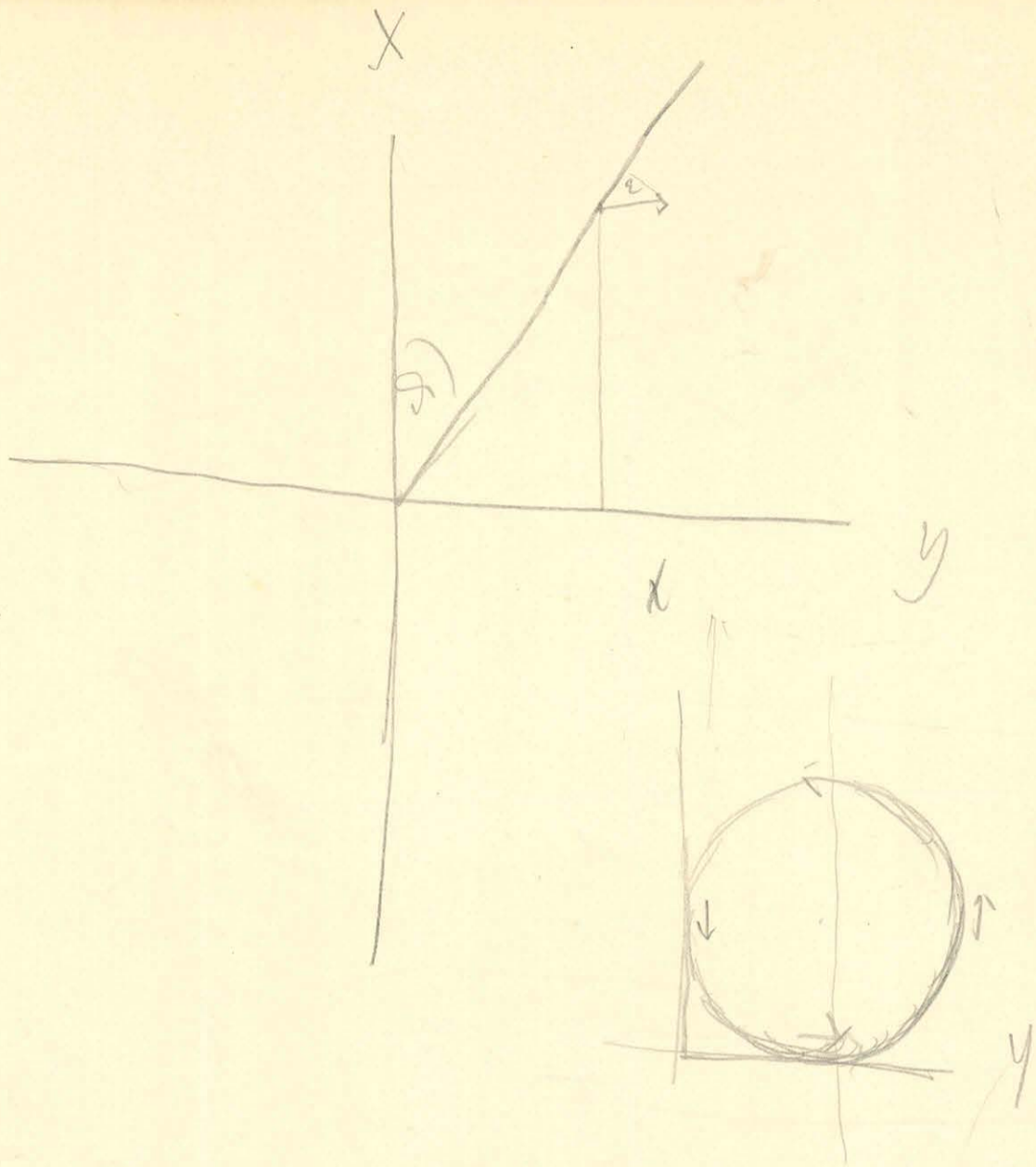
$$-\frac{6\mu}{r^5} (a\beta + \alpha b) + \frac{30\mu ab f}{r^7}$$

$$\frac{\mu}{r^3} \left(1 - 3\frac{f}{r^2}\right) = \frac{\mu(3a^2 + 3a \cos i \cos \delta)}{r^5} \left(1 + 5\frac{f}{r^2}\right)$$

$$-\frac{\mu}{r^3} \left(1 + 3\frac{f}{r^2}\right) + \frac{\mu(3a^2 - 3a \cos i \cos \delta)}{r^5} \left(1 + 5\frac{f}{r^2}\right)$$

$$-\frac{6\mu f}{r^5} + \frac{30\mu a^2 f}{r^7} = \frac{6a \mu \cos i \cos \delta}{r^5}$$

$$\text{---} \frac{6\mu}{r^5} (3a \cos i \cos \delta + b \sin i \cos \delta + c \sin i) + \frac{15\mu a^2}{r^7} (a \cos i \cos \delta + b \sin i \cos \delta + c \sin i)$$



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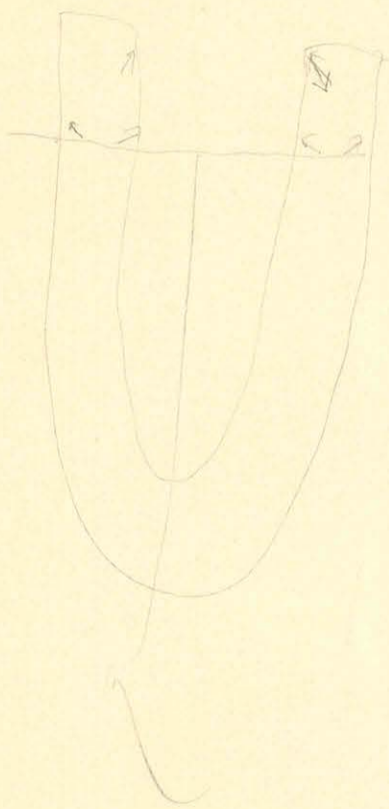
$$F = M \cos \gamma y_0 - M \sin \gamma x_0 + M l \sin 2\gamma \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) + 2 M l \cos 2\gamma \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$$

$$F = 2 M l \sin 2\gamma \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) + 4 M l \cos 2\gamma \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$$

$$A = \{ m_j \}$$

$$F = \sin 2\gamma \{ m_j \} \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) + 2 \cos 2\gamma \{ m_j \} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$$

$$\{ m_j \} = 2 M l$$



$\{ m_j \} = 0$

$\{ m_j \} = 0$

$\{ m_j \} = a$

$\{ m_j \} = 0$

$\{ m_j \} = c$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \frac{1}{2} \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

$$a + b$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + 3ab^2 + 3a^2b$$

$$a^3 + ab^2 + 2a^2b$$

$$a^2b + b^3 + 2ab^2$$

$$l^3 + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{4} l l^2 + \frac{3}{2} l^2 l$$

$$l^3 - \frac{1}{8} + \frac{3}{4} l l^2 - \frac{3}{2} l^2 l$$

$$\frac{l^3}{4}$$

$$\frac{l^3}{12} + l^2 l$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} = \frac{6}{x^4} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} = -24 \frac{1}{x^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} = -\frac{2}{x^4} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = +12 \frac{1}{x^5} \quad 0.$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{4m^2}{12} + m l^2 \right) \frac{M}{x^5}$$

$$-\frac{2m^2 m^2}{x^5}$$

$$\begin{cases} m_x \\ m_y \end{cases} =$$

$$m_y x + m_x y = (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) m \cos i$$

$$m_x x - m_y y = (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) m \cos i$$

$$m_z x + m_x z = a m \sin i$$

$$m_z y + m_y z = b m \sin i$$

where α of the time i is $m \gamma$

$$\begin{aligned} m_x &= m \cos i \cos(\gamma + \alpha) & m_x &= h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) \\ m_y &= m \cos i \sin(\gamma + \alpha) & m_y &= h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) \end{aligned}$$

$$m_x = h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) = h \cos \gamma m_z - \sin \gamma m_y = \cos \gamma m \cos i = h \cos \gamma$$

$$m_y = h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) = \sin \gamma m_z + \cos \gamma m_x = \sin \gamma m \cos i = h \sin \gamma$$

$$m \cos i = h$$

$$m \sin i = v$$

α of the time

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F} &= h \cos \gamma y_0 - h \sin \gamma x_0 + h(a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) \left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial x} \right) + 2h(a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} \\ &\quad + a v \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} - b v \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial z} \end{aligned}$$

very small $a = l \sin \delta$ $b = l \cos \delta$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{F} &= h \cos \gamma y_0 - h \sin \gamma x_0 + h l \sin(\delta + \gamma) \left(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial x} \right) + 2h l \cos(\delta + \gamma) \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} \\ &\quad + v l \cos \gamma \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial z} - v l \sin \gamma \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial z} \end{aligned}$$

very small γ $\delta + \epsilon$ α has ϵ a right angle

largely $\sin \gamma$ $1 - \alpha$ $\cos \gamma$

$$M_x = 0 \quad M_y = M_0 \quad M_z = 0 \quad x = r \quad y = 0 \quad z = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial y^2} = + \frac{2}{r^2} M_0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = - \frac{3}{r^2} M_0 + \frac{3 M_0}{r^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$-\frac{26}{6}$$

$$-\frac{26M}{6 r^5}$$

$$-6 \frac{M}{r^5} \frac{m}{4} d^2$$

$$-\frac{2}{2} \frac{Mm}{r^3} \frac{d^2}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{2Mm}{r^3} \cdot \frac{d^2}{r^2} \quad \frac{12}{r^2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,5334750 \\ 8,3011217 \\ \hline 14,8646067 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,9069927 \\ 7,9597487 \\ \hline 14,8667414 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,1741288 \\ 8,7960 \\ \hline 14,9701 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6,5650977 \\ 8,4046 \\ \hline 14,9696 \end{array}$$

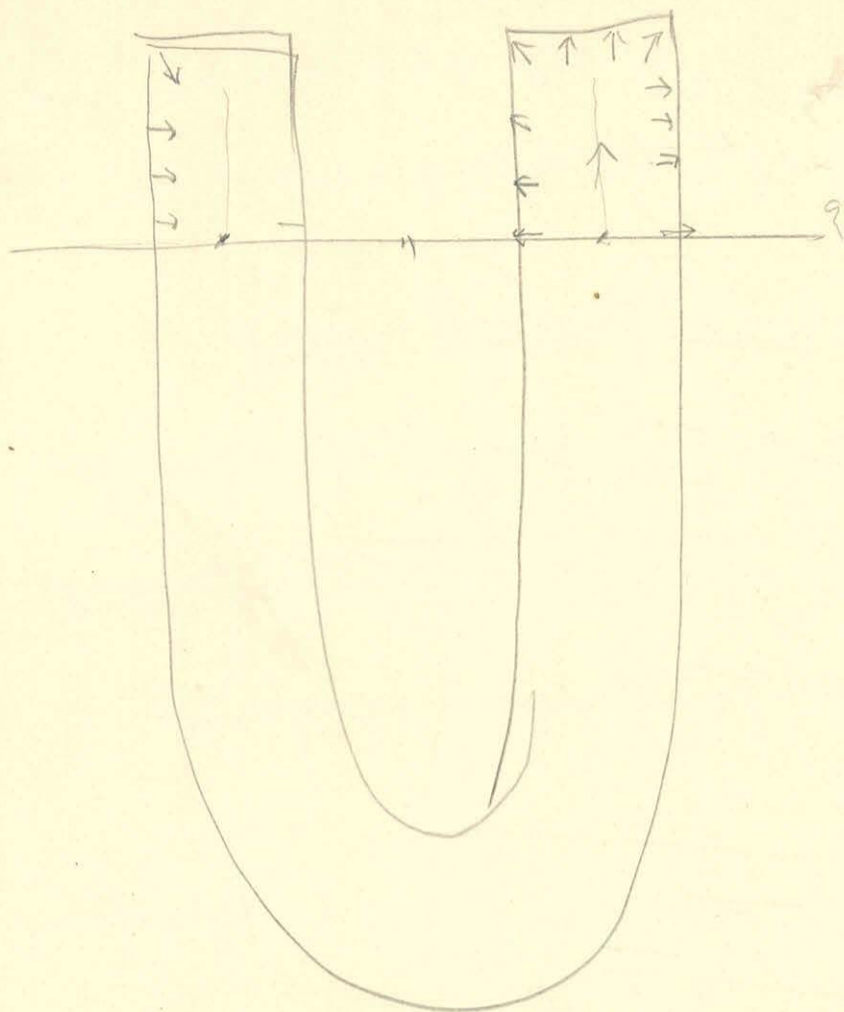
~~a Muri~~

$$a M_{ini} + c M_{ini} \cos \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$$

$$- b M_{ini} - c M_{ini} \sin \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$$

$$+ c M_{ini} \left(\cos \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} - \sin \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$+ M_{ini} \left(\cos \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} - \sin \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} \right)$$



$$\sum \xi m \xi = 0$$

$$\sum \eta m \eta = 0$$

$$\sum \xi m \eta = 0$$

$$\sum \eta m \xi =$$

$$\sum \xi m \eta = \text{erő a 0-tól}$$

$$\sum \xi m \xi = 0$$



$$m_x x - m_y y = a m_1 \cos i \cos \gamma - a m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma - a m_3 \sin i \gamma$$

$$\{ m_1 \cos^2 i \cos^2 \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma - m_3 \cos i \sin i \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma + m_2 \sin^2 i \cos \gamma + m_3 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \cos i \sin i \cos \gamma + m_2 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma + m_3 \sin^2 i \cos \gamma$$

$$b m_1 \cos i \sin \gamma - b m_2 \sin i \sin \gamma + b m_3 \cos i \sin \gamma$$

$$+ m_1 \cos^2 i \sin^2 \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma + m_3 \cos i \sin i \sin \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma + m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma - m_3 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma$$

$$+ m_1 \cos i \sin i \sin \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma + m_3 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma$$

$$m_1 \cos i (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) + m_2 (b \cos \gamma + a \sin \gamma) + m_3 \sin i (b \sin \gamma - a \cos \gamma)$$

$$+ m_1 \cos^2 i \cos^2 \gamma - m_2 \cos i \cos \gamma + m_3 \cos^2 i \sin^2 \gamma \left\{ \sin i (m_1 + m_2) - \cos i (m_1 + m_2) \right\}$$

$$- \{ m_1 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma - m_2 \cos i \sin \gamma \} + \cos^2 \gamma \{ m_1 \cos^2 i - m_2 \eta + m_3 \sin^2 i \}$$

$$+ m_1 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma + m_2 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma - (m_1 + m_2) \sin i \cos i$$

$$- \{ m_1 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma \}$$

$$m_2 x + m_3 z = a m_1 \cos i + a m_2 \sin i$$

$$m_1 \cos^2 i \cos \gamma + m_2 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma + m_3 \cos^2 i \cos \gamma + m_1 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin^2 i \cos \gamma - m_3 \sin i \cos i \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \cos i \sin \gamma - m_2 \sin i \sin \gamma - m_3 \cos i \sin \gamma$$

$$= a (m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) + \cos \gamma \{ m_1 \sin^2 i - m_2 \sin^2 i + (m_1 + m_2) \cos^2 i \}$$

$$- \sin \gamma \{ \sin i (m_1 + m_2) + \cos i (m_1 + m_2) \}$$

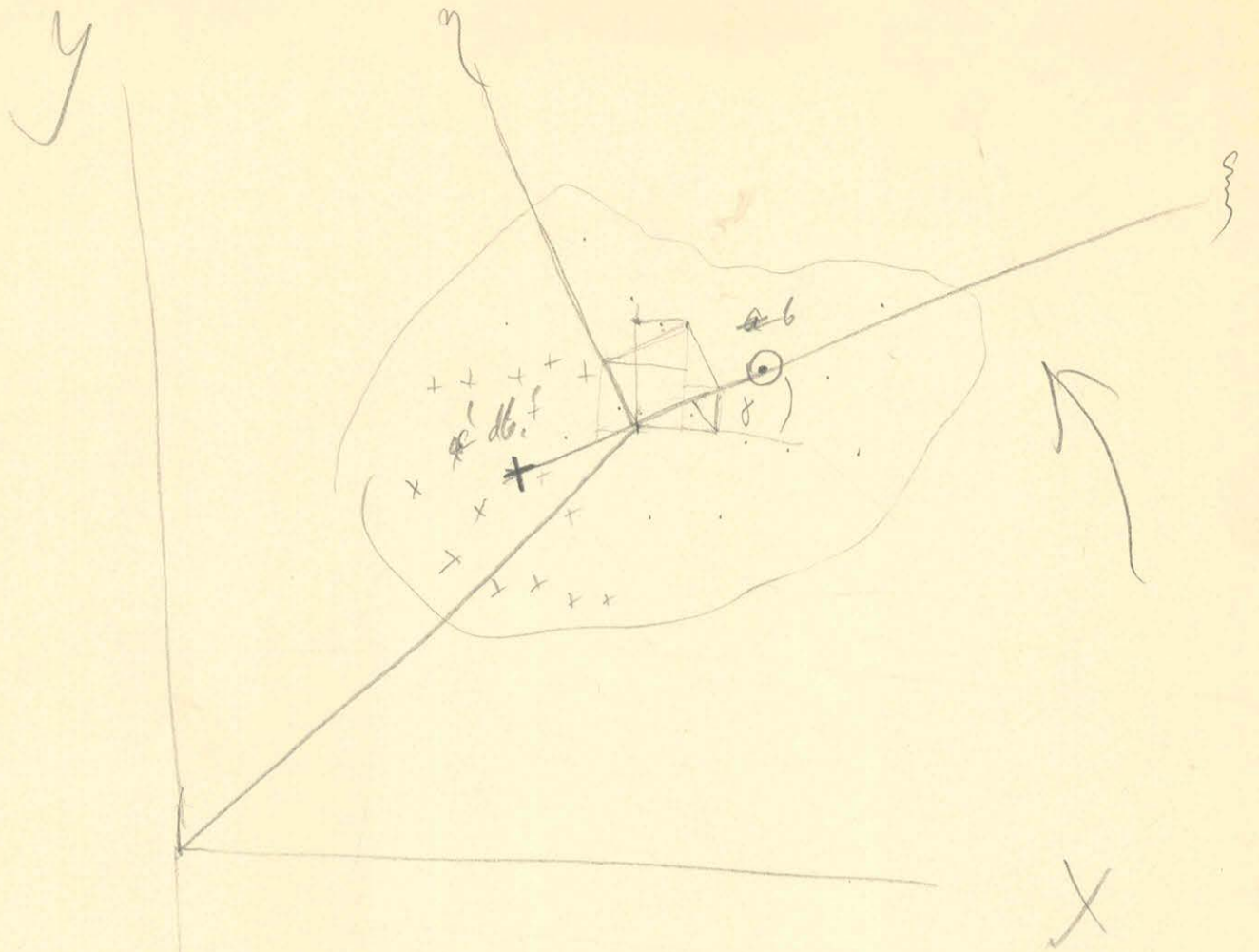
$$+ c \cos \gamma (m_1 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) - c m_3 \sin \gamma$$

$$m_2 \gamma + m_2 \delta =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & b m_2 \cos i + b m_2 \sin i && c \sin \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) + c m_2 \cos \gamma \\
 & \{ m_2 \cos^2 i \sin \gamma + \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \cos i \sin \gamma \} && + \{ m_2 \cos^2 i \sin \gamma + \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \cos i \sin \gamma \} \\
 & - \{ m_2 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \} - \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \} && - \{ m_2 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \} - \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \} \\
 & + \eta m_2 \cos i \cos \gamma + \eta m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma && + \{ m_2 \cos i \cos \gamma + \{ m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma \}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & = b (m_2 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) + \sin \gamma \{ \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \} - \{ m_2 \sin^2 i \} + (m_2 \{ \} + m_2 \{ \}) \cos i \} \\
 & \quad + \cos \gamma \{ \sin i (\eta m_2 + \{ m_2 \}) + \cos i (\eta m_2 + m_2 \{ \}) \} \\
 & \quad + c \sin \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) + c m_2 \cos \gamma
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F &= \{ \cos \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) - m_2 \sin \gamma \} y_0 - \{ \sin \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) + m_2 \cos \gamma \} x_0 \\
 & + \{ m_2 \cos i (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) + m_2 (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma - m_2 \sin i (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma)) \} \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) \\
 & + \{ m_2 \cos i (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) - m_2 (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) + m_2 \sin i (b \sin \gamma - a \cos \gamma) \} \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \\
 & + \{ a (m_2 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) + c \cos \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) - c m_2 \sin \gamma \} \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \\
 & - \{ b (m_2 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) + c \sin \gamma (m_2 \cos i - m_2 \sin i) + c m_2 \cos \gamma \} \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} \\
 & + \left[\sin 2\gamma \{ m_2 \xi \cos^2 i - m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi \sin^2 i - (m_2 \xi + m_2 \xi) \sin i \cos i \} + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \cos 2\gamma \{ \cos i (m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi) - \sin i (m_2 \xi + m_2 \eta) \} \right] \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) \\
 & + \left[\sin 2\gamma \{ \sin i (m_2 \xi + m_2 \eta) - \cos i (m_2 \xi + m_2 \eta) \} + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. + \cos 2\gamma \{ m_2 \xi \cos^2 i - m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi \sin^2 i - (m_2 \xi + m_2 \xi) \sin i \cos i \} \right] \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} \\
 & + \left[\cos \gamma \{ m_2 \xi \sin i \cos i - m_2 \xi \sin^2 i + (m_2 \xi + m_2 \xi) \cos i \} - \sin \gamma \{ \sin i (m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi) + \cos i (m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi) \} \right] \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \\
 & + \left[\cos \gamma \{ \sin i (m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi) + \cos i (m_2 \eta + m_2 \xi) \} + \sin \gamma \{ m_2 \xi \sin^2 i - m_2 \xi \sin^2 i + (m_2 \xi + m_2 \xi) \cos i \} \right] \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$F \left(\sum m x y \right) - F \left(\sum \mu x y \right) + y_0 a \xi_m - x_0 b \xi_m + y_0 a' \xi_m + x_0 b' \xi_m$$

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$$F \left(\sum m (a + \xi) (b + \eta) \right)$$

$$F a b \xi_m + F \xi \eta m + F a \xi$$

$$x = \xi \cos \gamma + \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$(x - a) = \xi \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$(y - b) = \eta \cos \gamma + \xi \sin \gamma$$

$$x = a + \xi \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$y = b + \eta \cos \gamma + \xi \sin \gamma$$

$$\left(a \xi m \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi}$$

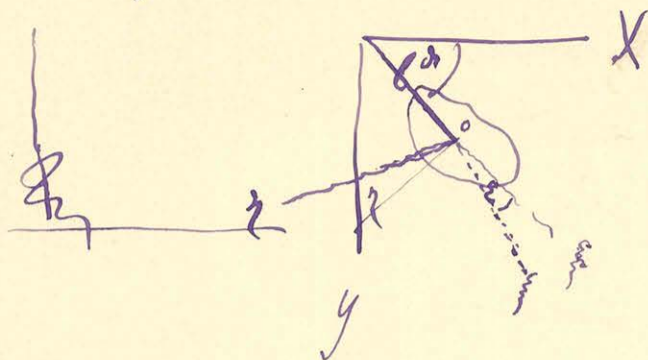
$$c + \xi$$

$$a \xi m$$

Ez az irányú és az irányított hatálya.

Ezen az egyenleten vizsgáljuk teendőt.

Ábrák



Ábrák

Teljesítmény az irányított és az irányított hatálya a ξ helyén és a η helyén

hossza az l -et. $l^2 = a^2 + b^2$

az egyes irányú és irányított hatálya az x helyén

ahol.

$$\xi = x = a + \xi \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$y = b + \eta \cos \gamma + \xi \sin \gamma$$

tehát

$$m_x^2 = h^2 + v^2$$

h a (ξ, η) értéke $v = 2$ komplex és m_x értéke

$$m_x = h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) \quad m_y = h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) \quad m_z = v$$

ahol.

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$$m_y x + m_x y = a h \sin \gamma + b h \cos \gamma + \xi h \sin 2\gamma + \eta h \cos 2\gamma$$

$$m_x x - m_y y = a h \cos \gamma - b h \sin \gamma + \xi h \cos 2\gamma - \eta h \sin 2\gamma$$

$$m_z x + m_x z = a v + \xi v \cos \gamma - \eta v \sin \gamma + h z \cos \gamma$$

$$m_z y + m_y z = b v + \eta v \cos \gamma + \xi v \sin \gamma + h z \sin \gamma$$

Írjuk fel

$$\xi m_x + \eta m_y = \xi m_x \cos \alpha + \eta m_y \sin \alpha$$

$$- \eta m_x \sin \alpha + \xi m_y \cos \alpha$$

$$\xi m_x + \eta m_y = \xi m_x \cos \alpha + \eta m_y \sin \alpha$$

$$- \eta m_x \sin \alpha + \xi m_y \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{1}{h} (\xi m_x^2 - \eta m_y^2 - 2\eta m_x m_y)$$

$$\sqrt{\xi^2 m_x^2 + \eta^2 m_y^2} \quad \xi m_x + \eta m_y$$

$$(\xi m_x^2 - \eta m_y^2 - 2\eta m_x m_y) \quad \xi m_x$$

$$\xi h \cos 2\alpha - \eta h \sin 2\alpha$$

$$h(\xi \cos 2\alpha - \eta \sin 2\alpha)$$

$$U_0 \int dV \rho = \int dV (\rho x + \rho y)$$

$$dV = m$$

~~dy~~

~~$\int dV$~~
 ~~$\int dV$~~

$$x = a + \xi \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$y = b + \eta \cos \gamma + \xi \sin \gamma$$

$$m_x = m \xi \cos \gamma = m \xi \cos(\delta + \varepsilon) = m \xi \cos \varepsilon \cos \delta - m \xi \sin \varepsilon \sin \delta$$

$$m_y = m \eta \sin \gamma = m \eta \sin(\delta + \varepsilon) = m \eta \cos \varepsilon \sin \delta + m \eta \sin \varepsilon \cos \delta$$

$$m_x = m_\xi \cos \delta - m_\eta \sin \delta$$

$$m_y = m_\xi \sin \delta + m_\eta \cos \delta$$

$$a m_\xi \sin \delta + a m_\eta \cos \delta + \underbrace{\sin \delta \cos \gamma m_\xi \xi}_{\cos \delta \cos \gamma m_\xi \xi} + \underbrace{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\eta \eta}_{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\eta \eta}$$

$$- \underbrace{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\xi \eta}_{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\xi \eta} - \underbrace{\sin \delta \cos \gamma m_\eta \xi}_{\sin \delta \cos \gamma m_\eta \xi}$$

$$+ b m_\xi \cos \delta - b m_\eta \sin \delta + \underbrace{\cos \delta \cos \gamma m_\xi \eta}_{\cos \delta \cos \gamma m_\xi \eta}$$

$$+ \underbrace{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\xi \xi}_{\sin \delta \sin \gamma m_\xi \xi}$$

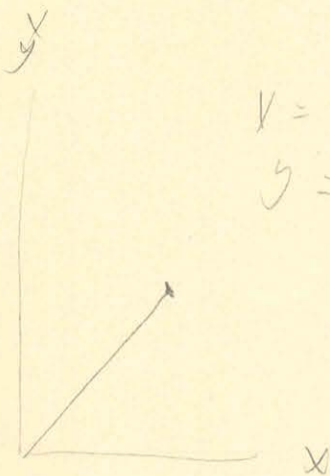
$$+ \underbrace{\sin \gamma \cos \delta m_\eta \xi}_{\sin \gamma \cos \delta m_\eta \xi} - \underbrace{\sin \gamma \sin \delta m_\eta \eta}_{\sin \gamma \sin \delta m_\eta \eta}$$

$$m_\xi (a \sin \delta + b \cos \delta) + m_\eta (a \cos \delta - b \sin \delta)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m l \sin 2\delta + m$$

$$\frac{m_\xi}{2} l \sin 2\delta + m l \cos 2\delta + \sin(\delta + \varepsilon) (m_\xi \xi - m_\eta \eta) + \cos 2\delta (m_\xi \eta + m_\eta \xi) = (m_y x + m_x y)$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial y}{\partial y}\right) M_r \sin(2\delta + \varepsilon) + r \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} M_i \cos \delta + V_r \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} \sin \delta + M_y \sin \delta - M_x \sin \gamma$$



$$x = x_0 + x \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = x_0 \sin \delta + \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} r \sin \delta$$

$$y = y_0 + y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} = y_0 \cos \delta + \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} r \sin \delta$$

$$M_y \cos \gamma + M_r \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} \sin \delta \cos \gamma$$

$$- M_x \sin \gamma - M_r \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \cos \delta \sin \gamma$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} M_r \sin \delta \cos \gamma + \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} M_r \cos \delta \sin \gamma$$

$$-\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} M_r \sin \delta \cos \gamma - \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} M_r \cos \delta \sin \gamma$$

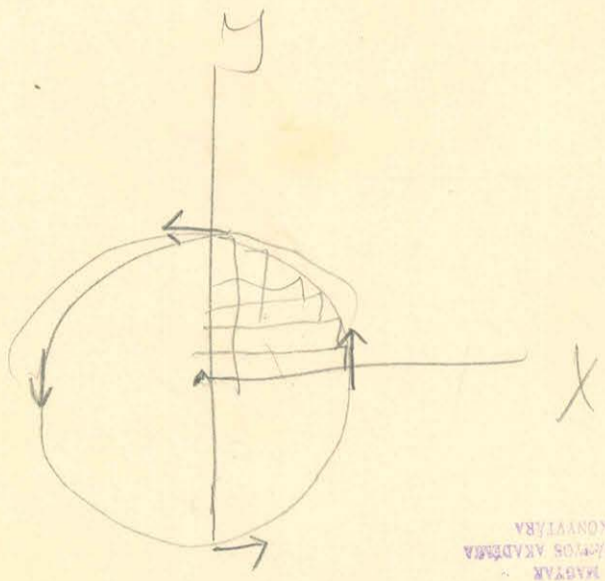
$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} M_r \sin \delta \cos \gamma - \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} M_r \cos \delta \sin \gamma$$

0

$$x dx \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + x dy \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + x dz \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$$

$$-y dx \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} - y dy \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} - y dz \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$$

0



KABATAK
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$m^2 x \cos \alpha \cos \beta$

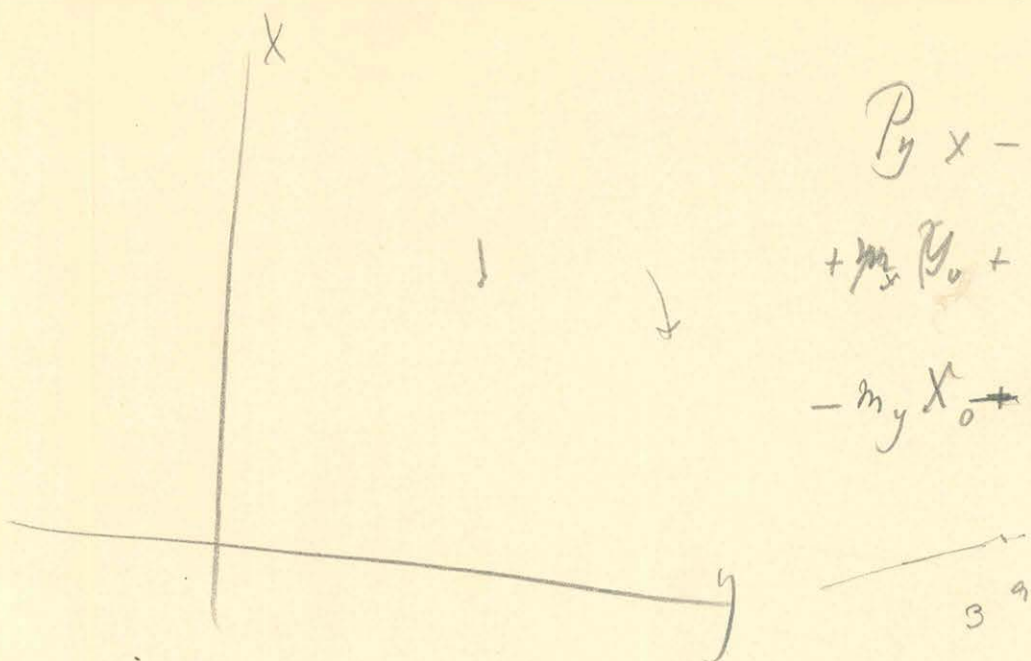
$m^2 x \cos \alpha \sin \beta + m^2 y \cos \beta \sin \alpha + m^2 z \cos \alpha \cos \beta$

$$(x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) (x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) + m^2 x \cos \alpha \cos \beta + m^2 y \cos \beta \sin \alpha + m^2 z \cos \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$(x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) (x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) + m^2 x \cos \alpha \cos \beta + m^2 y \cos \beta \sin \alpha + m^2 z \cos \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$(x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) (x \cos \alpha + y \cos \beta + z \cos \gamma) + m^2 x \cos \alpha \cos \beta + m^2 y \cos \beta \sin \alpha + m^2 z \cos \alpha \cos \beta$$

$$\{m^2 x \cos \alpha \cos \beta + m^2 y \cos \beta \sin \alpha + m^2 z \cos \alpha \cos \beta\}$$



$$P_y x - P_x y$$

$$+ m_x y_0 + m_x x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + m_x y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + m_x z \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$$

$$- m_y x_0 + m_y x \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + m_y y \frac{\partial x}{\partial y} + m_y z \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$$

~~$m_x x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$~~ + ~~$m_y x \frac{\partial y}{\partial y}$~~ + $m_z x \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$

~~$-m_x y \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$~~ - ~~$m_y y \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$~~ - $m_z y \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$

~~$+m_x x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$~~ + ~~$m_x y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y}$~~ + $m_x z \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$

~~$-m_y x \frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$~~ - ~~$m_y y \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$~~ - $m_y z \frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$

$-m_y x_0 + m_x y_0$

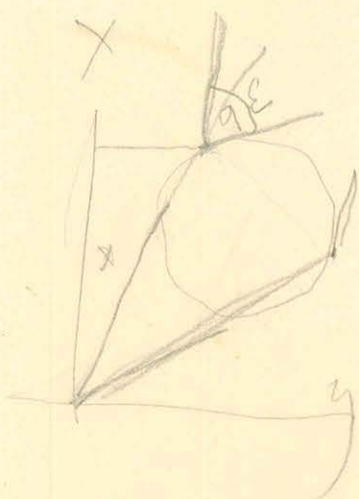
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$$\left. \begin{aligned} & (m_y x + m_x y) \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) \\ & (m_z x + m_x z) \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \\ & (m_z y + m_y z) \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$r \frac{3a}{r^4} \cos \varepsilon - \frac{M \cos d}{r^3}$$

$$\frac{M}{r^3} \cos$$

$$\frac{ds}{r \cos d} = 3a \cos \varepsilon + r \cos d$$



$$\frac{M}{r^3} \left(\frac{3a}{r} \cos \varepsilon - \cos d \right)$$

$$\cos d = \cos x \cos \varepsilon - \sin x \sin \varepsilon$$

$$\cos d = \frac{a}{r} \cos \varepsilon$$

$$m_z x + m_x z = a m_\xi + \xi m_z \cos \gamma - \eta m_z \sin \gamma + h z \cos(\gamma + \alpha) \\ + z \cos \gamma m_\xi - z \sin \gamma m_\eta$$

$$a m_\xi + \cos \gamma (\xi m_z + \xi m_\xi) - \sin \gamma (\eta m_z + \xi m_\eta)$$

$$b m_z + \eta m_z \cos \gamma + \xi m_x \sin \gamma + h z \sin(\gamma + \alpha)$$

$$z \sin \gamma m_\xi + z \cos \gamma m_\eta$$

$$b m_\xi + \cos \gamma (\eta m_z + z m_\eta) + \sin \gamma (\xi m_z + z m_\xi)$$

$$\mu\left(\xi + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \mu\left(\xi - \frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$\sqrt{\mu \xi d}$$

$$m \xi$$

$$\frac{\xi \cos 2\alpha - \eta \sin 2\alpha}{\xi m \xi + \eta m \eta}$$

h².

$$\xi m \xi$$

$$m \xi + \eta$$

$$\frac{1}{h} (\xi m \xi^2 - \eta m \eta^2 - 2\eta m \xi m \eta) = (\xi m \xi - \eta m \eta) m \xi + m \eta$$

$$\xi m \xi^2 - \eta m \eta^2$$

$$-2\eta m \xi m \eta + \xi m \xi m \eta$$

~~h²~~

$$\frac{1}{h} (\xi m \xi^2 - \eta m \eta^2)$$

~~h²~~

$$\xi m \xi^2 - \eta m \eta^2$$

$$\frac{1}{h} (\xi (2m \xi^2 - h^2))$$

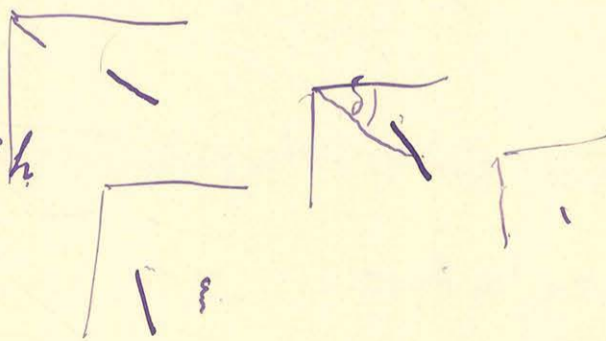
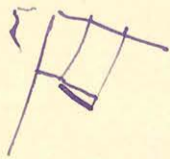
$$+ \xi m \xi m \eta - \eta m \eta^2$$

$$h \xi h \rho (\cos \delta \cos 2\alpha - \sin \delta \sin 2\alpha)$$

$$h \rho (\cos(\delta + 2\alpha))$$

ξh

$$m \xi^2 - m \eta^2 = \xi h$$



$$\frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha (\frac{a \sin \alpha + b \cos \alpha}{a \cos \alpha - b \sin \alpha})}{\frac{a \cos^2 \alpha - b \sin^2 \alpha - a \sin^2 \alpha - b \cos^2 \alpha}{a \cos \alpha - b \sin \alpha}}$$

$$a m \eta + \xi m \eta \cos \gamma - \eta m \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$+ b m \eta + \eta m \eta \cos \gamma + \xi m \eta \sin \gamma$$

$$\xi \cos 2\alpha - \eta \sin 2\alpha$$

$$b \cos \delta \cos 2\alpha - b \sin \delta \sin 2\alpha$$

~~b \cos 2\alpha + b \sin 2\alpha~~

$$\frac{h \xi \cos \alpha - h \eta \sin \alpha}{a \cos \alpha - b \sin \alpha}$$

$$a \cos \alpha - b \sin \alpha$$

$$- b \sin \alpha \cdot 2 \cos \alpha$$

$$h \xi \cos 2\alpha - h \eta \sin 2\alpha$$

$$a \cos 2\alpha - b \sin 2\alpha$$

$$a \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha - a \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \alpha - b \sin \alpha \cos \alpha - b \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$\gamma = (\delta + \varepsilon)$$

$$m_y x + m_x y = a h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) + \{ h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) \cos \gamma - \eta h \sin(\gamma + \alpha) \sin \gamma \\ + b h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) + \eta h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) \cos \gamma + \{ h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) \sin \gamma$$

$$a m_y \sin \gamma + a m_y \cos \gamma + b m_x \cos \gamma - b m_y \sin \gamma$$

$$+ \{ m_x \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + \{ m_y \cos^2 \gamma - \eta m_x \sin^2 \gamma - \eta m_y \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$

$$+ \eta m_x \cos^2 \gamma - \eta m_y \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + \{ m_x \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - \{ m_y \sin^2 \gamma$$

ebből

$$a m_y \sin \gamma + a m_y \cos \gamma + b m_x \cos \gamma - b m_y \sin \gamma$$

$$+ \{ m_x \sin 2\gamma - \eta m_y \sin 2\gamma + \{ m_y \cos 2\gamma + \eta m_x \cos 2\gamma$$

$$(a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) \{ m_x \} + (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) \{ m_y \}$$

$$\gamma = \delta + \varepsilon \quad \{ m_x \} = M \quad \{ m_y \} = 0$$

$$h (\sin(\delta + \gamma)) M \cos \gamma + (\cos(\delta + \gamma) h \sin \delta$$

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$$a h \cos(\gamma + \alpha) + h \{ \cos \gamma \cos(\gamma + \alpha) - \eta h \sin \gamma \cos(\gamma + \alpha)$$

$$h b \sin(\gamma + \alpha) + h \eta \cos \gamma \sin(\gamma + \alpha) + h \{ \sin \gamma \sin(\gamma + \alpha)$$

$$a m_x \cos \gamma - a m_y \sin \gamma + b m_x \sin \gamma + b m_y \cos \gamma$$

$$\{ m_x \cos^2 \gamma - \{ m_y \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - \eta m_x \sin^2 \gamma + \eta m_y \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$

$$- \eta m_x \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - \eta m_y \cos^2 \gamma - \{ m_x \sin^2 \gamma - \{ m_y \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$

$$\{ m_x \cos 2\gamma - \{ m_y \frac{\cos 2\gamma}{2}$$

$$(a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) m_x - (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) m_y$$

$$- \sin 2\gamma (\{ m_x + \eta m_y)$$

$$+ \cos 2\gamma (\{ m_x - \eta m_y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a \xi_m &+ b \cos \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta - b \sin \gamma \xi_m \eta \\
 &+ a \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta \\
 &+ a \sin \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &+ \cos^2 \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta^2 - \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta^2 \\
 &\rightarrow \sin^2 \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta^2 + \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -a \xi_m &- b \cos \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta + b \sin \gamma \xi_m \eta \\
 &- a \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta \\
 &- a \sin \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &- \cos^2 \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta^2 + \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta^2 \\
 &+ \sin^2 \gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta^2 - \sin \gamma \cos \gamma \xi_m \eta^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\xi_m - \xi_m = 0$$

$$\xi_m \eta = 0 \quad \xi_m \eta = 0$$

$$\xi_m \xi_\eta - \xi_m \xi_\eta = M \text{ (magnetic moment)}$$

c work of spin:

$$F = (M b \cos \gamma + M a \sin \gamma + \cos 2\gamma \xi_m \xi_\eta + \frac{1}{2} \cos 2\gamma (\xi_m \xi_\eta^2 - \xi_m \eta^2))$$

$$a = r \cos \delta \quad b = r \sin \delta$$

$$\gamma = \delta + \epsilon$$

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$$\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} \right) \left(M r \sin(2\delta + \epsilon) + \cos(2\delta + 2\epsilon) \xi_m \xi_\eta + \frac{1}{2} \sin(2\delta + 2\epsilon) (\xi_m \xi_\eta^2 - \xi_m \eta^2) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} r \cos \delta M_2 - \frac{\partial x}{\partial z} r \sin \delta M_2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(\xi + \frac{1}{2})(\eta + \frac{1}{2}) && \xi \frac{1}{2} + \eta \frac{1}{2} \\
 &-(\xi - \frac{1}{2})(\eta - \frac{1}{2}) && + \xi \frac{1}{2} + \eta \frac{1}{2} \\
 &&& \xi M \quad \eta M
 \end{aligned}$$

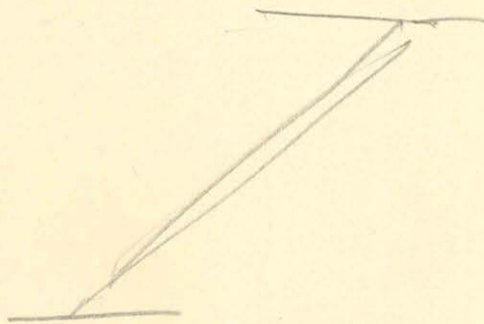
probl. $m_x = pda$ $m_y = pdb$, $h_2 p di$

$$P_y = - \frac{m_y m_x}{a^2}$$



vonyi erő, ha egyfajta kényszerítés
 a két irányban kényszerítés egy. h_2 erő

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$$\frac{6m^2}{a^2} - \frac{3m^2}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{3m^2}{a^2}$$



$$\begin{cases} x = a + \frac{1}{2} \cos i \cos \gamma - \frac{1}{2} \sin i \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma \\ y = b + \frac{1}{2} \cos i \sin \gamma - \frac{1}{2} \sin i \sin \gamma + \eta \cos \gamma \end{cases} \quad \begin{matrix} C+ \\ z = \frac{1}{2} \cos i + \frac{1}{2} \sin i \end{matrix}$$

$$m_x = \cos \gamma h \cos \alpha - \sin \gamma h \sin \alpha$$

$$m_y = \sin \gamma h \cos \alpha + \cos \gamma h \sin \alpha$$

$$m_z = m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i$$

$$h \sin \alpha = m_1 \quad h \cos \alpha = m_2 \cos i - m_3 \sin i$$

$$\begin{cases} m_x = m_1 \cos i \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma - m_3 \sin \gamma \\ m_y = m_1 \cos i \sin \gamma - m_2 \sin i \sin \gamma + m_3 \cos \gamma \\ m_z = m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i \end{cases}$$

$$m_y x + m_x y = a m_1 \cos i \sin \gamma - a m_2 \sin i \sin \gamma + a m_3 \cos \gamma$$

~~$$+ m_1 \cos^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin^2 i \cos i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_3 \cos i \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_3 \sin i \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$+ m_1 \cos i \sin^2 \gamma + m_2 \sin i \sin^2 \gamma - m_3 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$~~

~~$$+ b m_1 \cos i \cos \gamma - b m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma - b m_3 \sin \gamma$$~~

~~$$+ m_1 \cos^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_3 \cos i \sin^2 \gamma$$~~

~~$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_3 \sin i \sin^2 \gamma$$~~

~~$$+ m_1 \cos i \cos^2 \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos^2 \gamma - m_3 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$~~

$$= m_1 \cos i (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) + m_2 (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) - m_3 \sin i (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma)$$

$$+ m_1 \cos^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma + m_3 \sin i \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$+ m_1 \cos i \sin^2 \gamma + m_2 \sin i \sin^2 \gamma - m_3 \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_1 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin^2 i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma$$

$$- m_3 \sin i \cos i \sin \gamma \cos \gamma - m_3 \sin i \cos^2 \gamma$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sin \gamma \left\{ m_1 \cos^2 i - m_2 \sin^2 i + m_3 \sin i \right\} \\ & \quad - (m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) \sin i \cos i \\ & + \cos \gamma \left\{ \cos i (m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) \right. \\ & \quad \left. - \sin i (m_1 \cos i + m_2 \sin i) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(m_1 x \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + m_2 y \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + m_3 z \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \right)}{\left(m_1 \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + m_2 \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + m_3 \frac{\partial y}{\partial z} \right)}$$

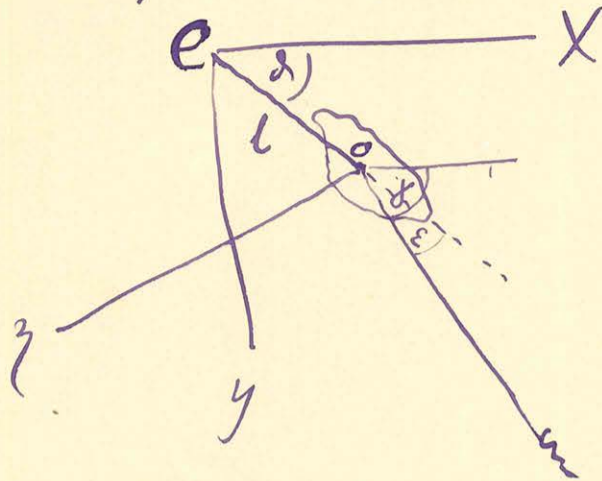
$$\delta x = \left(a m_1 \cos i \cos \gamma - a m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma - a m_3 \sin \gamma \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \left(a m_1 \cos i \sin \gamma - a m_2 \sin i \sin \gamma + a m_3 \cos \gamma \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} + \left(a m_1 \cos i + a m_2 \sin i \right) \frac{\partial y}{\partial z}$$

$$\text{Nev.} = m_1 \cos i \cos \gamma - m_2 \sin i \cos \gamma - m_3 \sin \gamma$$

a
b

Egy mágnos elemi mágnesek helye.

2. számú feladat megoldásának leírása



$\gamma = \alpha + \epsilon = a$ mágnesek szögét

2. számú feladat is X illetve Y irányú mágnesek.

ebben ~~...~~

l a CO vízszintes távolság.

$l^2 = a^2 + b^2$

Coordinate transformation:

$x = a + \xi \cos \gamma - \eta \sin \gamma$

x, y is ξ, η a mágnesek egyensúlyi helyzetének koordinátái.

$y = b + \eta \cos \gamma + \xi \sin \gamma$

ha más mágnesek is vannak jelen.

$m^2 = h^2 + v^2$ ahol m az egyes elemi mágnesek momentuma

h az xy irányú erő

v a Z irányú erő összetevője.

d a szög melyet a mágnesek elemi ξ helyekhez képest

alakul

$m_x = h \cos(\gamma + d)$

$m_y = h \sin(\gamma + d)$

$m_z = v$

is a 2) számú feladat kifejtésénél

tehát $h \cos d = m_z = h_z$

$h \sin d = m_y = h_y$

$m_y x + m_x y = (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) m_z + (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) h_z$

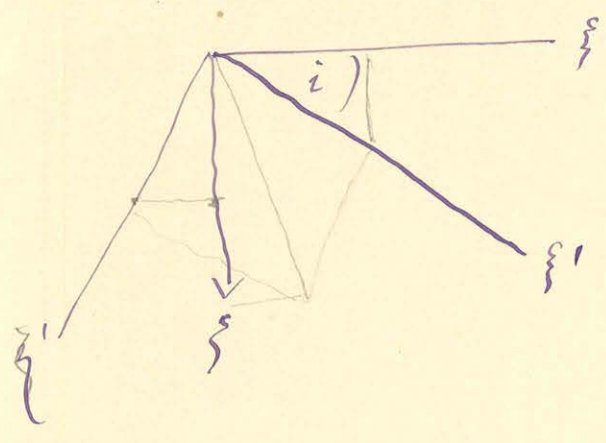
$+ \sin 2\gamma (\xi m_\xi - \eta m_\eta) + \cos 2\gamma (\xi m_\eta + \eta m_\xi)$

$m_x x - m_y y = (a \cos \gamma - b \sin \gamma) m_z - (a \sin \gamma + b \cos \gamma) h_z$

$- \sin 2\gamma (\xi m_\eta + \eta m_\xi) + \cos 2\gamma (\xi m_\xi - \eta m_\eta)$

$m_z x + m_x z = a m_z + \cos \gamma (\xi m_\xi + \eta m_\eta) - \sin \gamma (\eta m_\xi + \xi m_\eta)$

$(m_z y + m_y z) = b m_z + \cos \gamma (\eta m_\xi + \xi m_\eta) + \sin \gamma (\xi m_\xi + \eta m_\eta)$



$$\eta = \eta'$$

$$\xi = \xi' \cos i - \eta' \sin i$$

$$\xi = \xi' \cos i + \eta' \sin i$$

$$m_\xi = m_\xi' \cos i - m_\eta' \sin i$$

$$m_\eta = m_\xi' \sin i + m_\eta' \cos i$$

$$\xi m_\xi - \eta m_\eta = \xi' m_\xi' \cos^2 i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin i \cos i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin i \cos i + \xi' m_\xi' \sin^2 i - \eta' m_\eta'$$

$$\xi m_\eta + \eta m_\xi = \xi' m_\eta' \cos i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin i + \eta' m_\xi' \cos i - \eta' m_\xi' \sin i$$

$$= \cos i (\xi' m_\eta' + \eta' m_\xi') - \sin i (\xi' m_\eta' - \eta' m_\xi')$$

$$\xi m_\xi + \xi m_\eta = \xi' m_\xi' \cos^2 i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin i \cos i + \xi' m_\xi' \sin i \cos i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin^2 i$$

$$+ \xi' m_\eta' \cos^2 i + \xi' m_\xi' \sin i \cos i - \xi' m_\eta' \sin i \cos i - \xi' m_\xi' \sin^2 i$$

$$= \cos^2 i (\xi' m_\xi' + \xi' m_\eta') - \sin^2 i (\xi' m_\eta' - \xi' m_\xi') + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2i (\xi' m_\xi' - \xi' m_\eta')$$

$$(\eta m_\xi + \xi m_\eta) = \eta' m_\xi' \cos i + \eta' m_\xi' \sin i + \xi' m_\eta' \cos i + \xi' m_\eta' \sin i$$

$$= \cos i (\xi' m_\eta' + \eta' m_\xi') + \sin i (\xi' m_\eta' + \eta' m_\xi')$$

Die eigige Bewegung des Körpers, möglicherweise unvollständig ξ' bestimmt

oder:

$$m_\xi = M \cos i = \cos i \xi m_\xi' - \sin i \xi m_\eta'$$

$$m_\eta = M \sin i = \cos i \xi m_\eta' + \sin i \xi m_\xi'$$

$$\xi m_\xi - \eta m_\eta = \cos^2 i (\xi' m_\xi' + \sin^2 i (\xi' m_\xi' - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2i (\xi' m_\xi' - \xi' m_\eta'))$$

$$\xi m_\eta + \eta m_\xi = \xi m_\xi = M \quad \xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\xi = 0$$

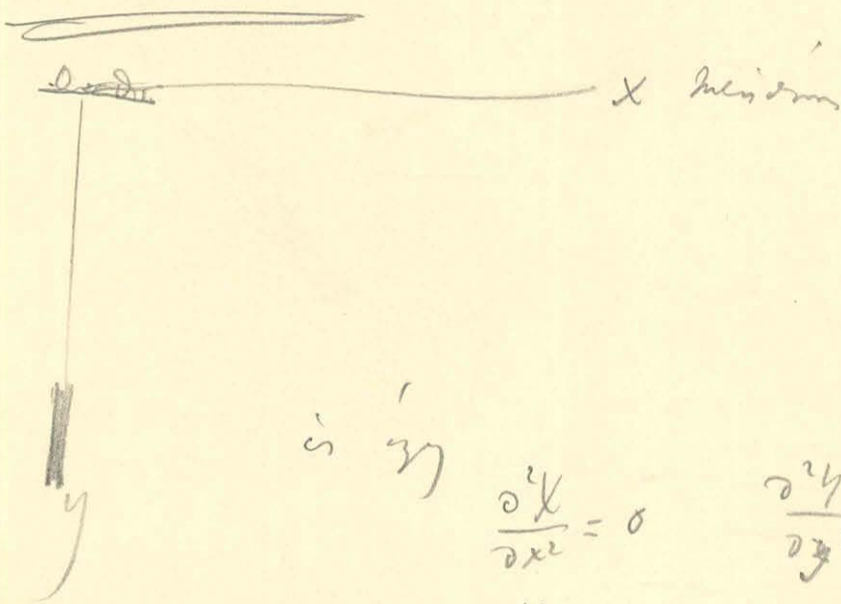
Spezielle Bewegung: $\xi m_\xi = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\xi = 0$
 $\xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0$
 $\xi m_\xi = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0 \quad \xi m_\xi = 0 \quad \xi m_\eta = 0$

$$a = a_0 + \dots \quad \int a_{kx} = a_0 \{ \dots - \dots \}$$

an $\{ \dots \}$... \dots \dots \dots \dots

a b) bedingtes nur maximiere in allgemein.

Elastizität



$$a = 0$$

$$b = r$$

$$c = 0$$

$$M_x = 0$$

$$M_y = M$$

$$M_z = 0$$

in y

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{45}{r^5} M_y + \frac{9}{r^5} M_y + \frac{105}{r^5} M_y - \frac{20}{r^5} M_y$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial y^2} = +\frac{29}{r^5} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{12 M}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial x^2} = \frac{2 M}{r^5} - \frac{15 M}{r^5} = -\frac{12 M}{r^5}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

nur $M = \mu dr$

$$\int \frac{1}{r^5} = \mu \int \frac{dr}{r^5} = -\frac{\mu}{4} \frac{1}{r^4} = -\frac{\mu}{4} \left(\frac{1}{(r+\frac{\Delta}{2})^4} - \frac{1}{(r-\frac{\Delta}{2})^4} \right)$$

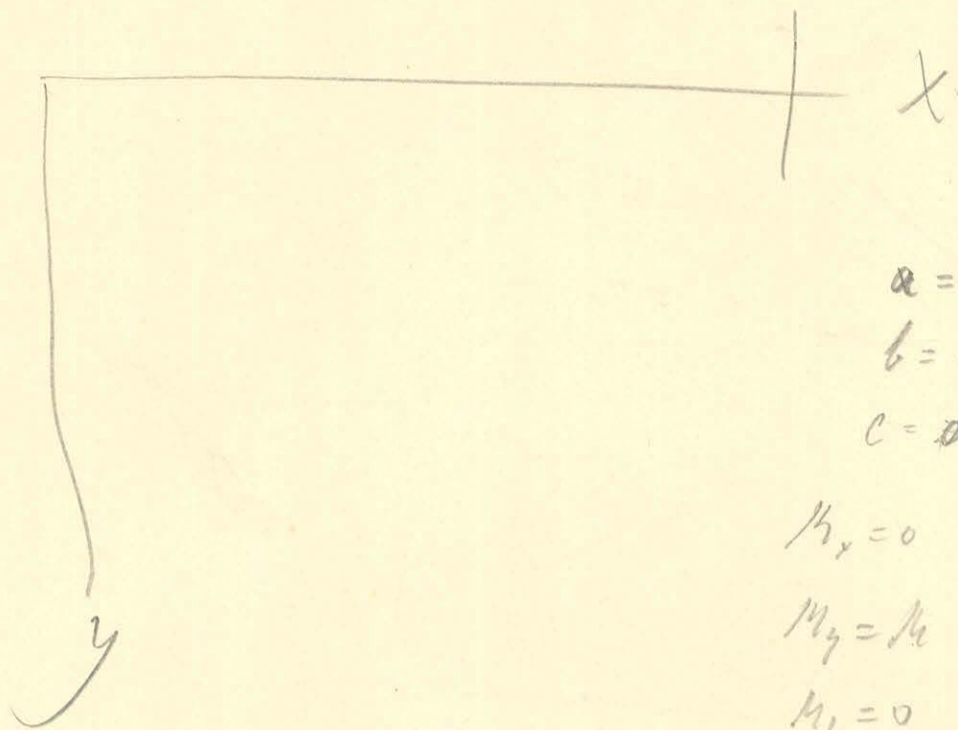
$$= -\frac{\mu}{4} \frac{r^4 (1 - \frac{\Delta}{2r})^4 - (1 + \frac{\Delta}{2r})^4}{r^8 (1 - \frac{\Delta^2}{4r^2})^4}$$

$$+ \frac{12 M}{r^5}$$

$$\Phi = \frac{12 M}{r^5} \cdot \frac{3}{8} m (x^2 + 6r^2) + \frac{\mu x}{r^5} = \frac{M}{r^5}$$

$$= -\frac{9}{2} \frac{M m}{r^5} \left(\frac{x^2}{r^2} + \frac{6r^2}{r^2} \right)$$

Φ - mäsmit föllön



$$a = r$$

$$b = 0$$

$$c = 0$$

$$M_x = 0$$

$$M_y = M$$

$$M_z = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

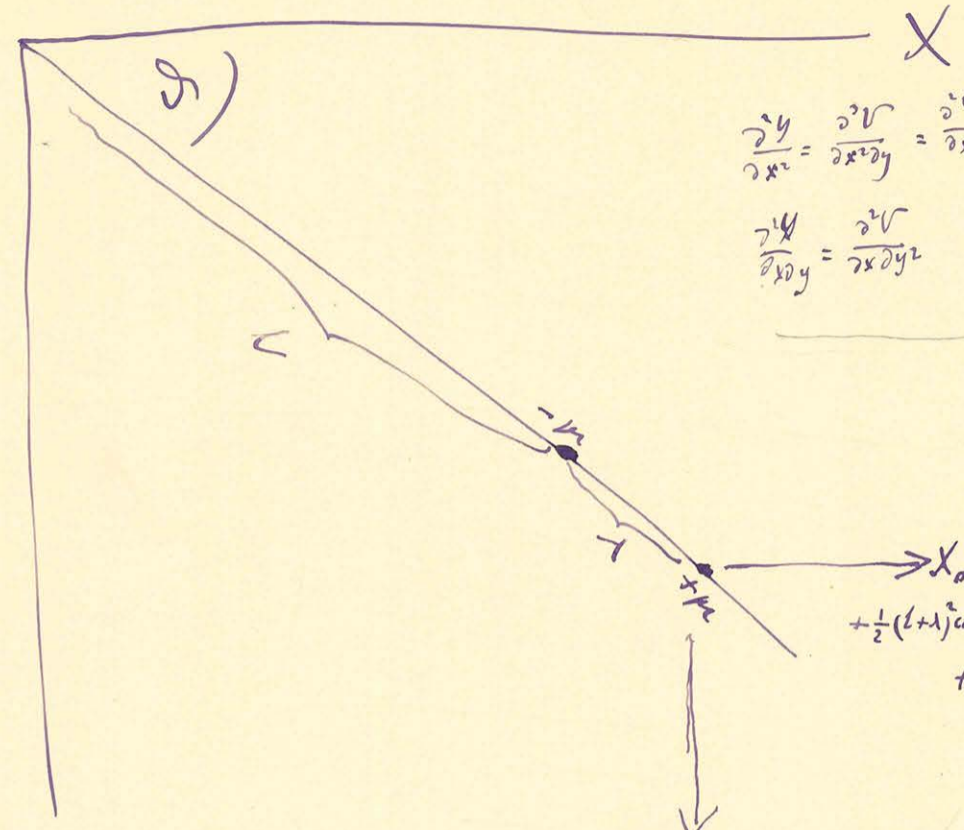
$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial y^2} = \frac{9}{r^5} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{2}{r^5} M + \frac{2M}{r^5} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \chi}{\partial y^2} =$$

$$\Phi = \frac{27}{16} \frac{m M}{r^5} (x^2 + 6xy) \sin \epsilon \sin \delta.$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} = \frac{6a^2}{y^4}$$



$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \quad \left| \quad \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y} \quad \left| \quad \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x \partial y} = \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x \partial y}$$

$$\begin{aligned} l^2 + l^2 + 2cl \\ l^2 + 2cl \\ l^2 + 2cl + cl^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X_0 + (l+l) \cos \delta \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} + (l+l) \sin \delta \frac{\partial X}{\partial y} \\ + \frac{1}{2} (l+l)^2 \cos^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} + \frac{1}{2} (l+l)^2 \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} \\ + (l+l)^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x \partial y} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_0 + (l+l) \sin \delta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} + (l+l) \cos \delta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} \\ + \frac{1}{2} (l+l)^2 \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} + \frac{1}{2} (l+l)^2 \cos^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} \\ + (l+l)^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x \partial y} \end{aligned}$$

$$Y_x - X_y = Y(l+l) \cos \delta - X(l+l) \sin \delta$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y_x &= Y_0 l \cos \delta + 2 \sin \delta \cos \delta l \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} + 2 l \cos^2 \delta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} + \frac{3}{2} l^2 \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} + \frac{3}{2} l^2 l \cos^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} + 3 l^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x \partial y} \\ X_y &= -X_0 l \sin \delta - 2 \sin \delta \cos \delta l \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} + 2 l \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial X}{\partial y} - \frac{3}{2} l^2 \cos^2 \delta \sin \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} - \frac{3}{2} l^2 \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} - 3 l^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x \partial y} \end{aligned}$$

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$$F = Y_0 l \cos \delta - X_0 l \sin \delta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin \delta \cos \delta l \left(\frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} \right) + 2 \cos^2 \delta l \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} + \frac{3}{2} l^2 \sin^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} \\ + \frac{3}{2} l^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \left(\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} \sin \delta - \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} \cos \delta \right) + \frac{3}{2} l^2 \left(\cos^2 \delta \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} \right) \\ + 3 l^2 \left(\cos^2 \delta \sin \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} - \sin^2 \delta \cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} \right) \\ + \frac{3}{2} l^2 \sin \delta \cos \delta \left(\cos \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} - \sin \delta \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \delta - \sin \delta \\ 2 \sin \delta - \cos \delta \\ \cos \delta + \sin \delta \\ \cos \delta + \sin \delta \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} l^2 \left\{ (\sin \delta \cos \delta - \sin^2 \delta) \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} - (\sin \delta \cos \delta - \cos^2 \delta) \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} l^2 d \left\{ \cos^2 d \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} + 2 \cos d \sin d \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial y^2} - \sin^2 d \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial y^2} - 2 \sin d \cos d \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \right\}$$

6)

$$\int_{l-\frac{1}{2}}^{l+\frac{1}{2}} m l^2 dl = \frac{m l^3}{3} = \frac{m}{3} \left(\left(l + \frac{1}{2} \right)^3 - \left(l - \frac{1}{2} \right)^3 \right) = \frac{l^3}{4} + \frac{3 l^2 d^2}{2}$$

$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab^2 + 3a^2b$$

egy m vonatkozó l és d mértékűre.

$$F = m y_0 \cos d - m x_0 \sin d$$

$$+ m l \sin d \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} \right) + m l \cos d \frac{\partial y}{\partial x}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{16} m (l^2 + 6d^2) \sin d \left(\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial y^2} \sin d - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial x^2} \cos d \right) + \frac{3}{8} m (l^2 + 6d^2)$$

$$\Phi = \left\{ + \frac{3}{8} m (l^2 + 6d^2) \left(\sin d \cos d - \sin^2 d \right) \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial y^2} - \left(\sin d \cos d - \cos^2 d \right) \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} \right\}$$

És látva hogy az egyenletrendszer megoldása M_x , M_y , M_z . Csemege

~~$$\left(\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial x^2} \right)_0 = - \frac{15}{r^2} (a-x) (3(a-x)M_x + b)$$~~

$$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial x^2} = - \frac{15}{r^2} a \{ 3a M_x + b M_y + c M_z \} + \frac{9}{r^5} M_x +$$

$$+ \frac{105 a^3}{r^9} \{ (a M_x + b M_y + c M_z) \} - \frac{30 a}{r^7} (a M_x + b M_y + c M_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial y^2} = - \frac{15}{r^2} b \{ a M_x + 3b M_y + c M_z \} + \frac{9}{r^5} M_y +$$

$$+ \frac{105 b^3}{r^9} \{ a M_x + b M_y + c M_z \} - \frac{30 b}{r^7} (a M_x + b M_y + c M_z)$$

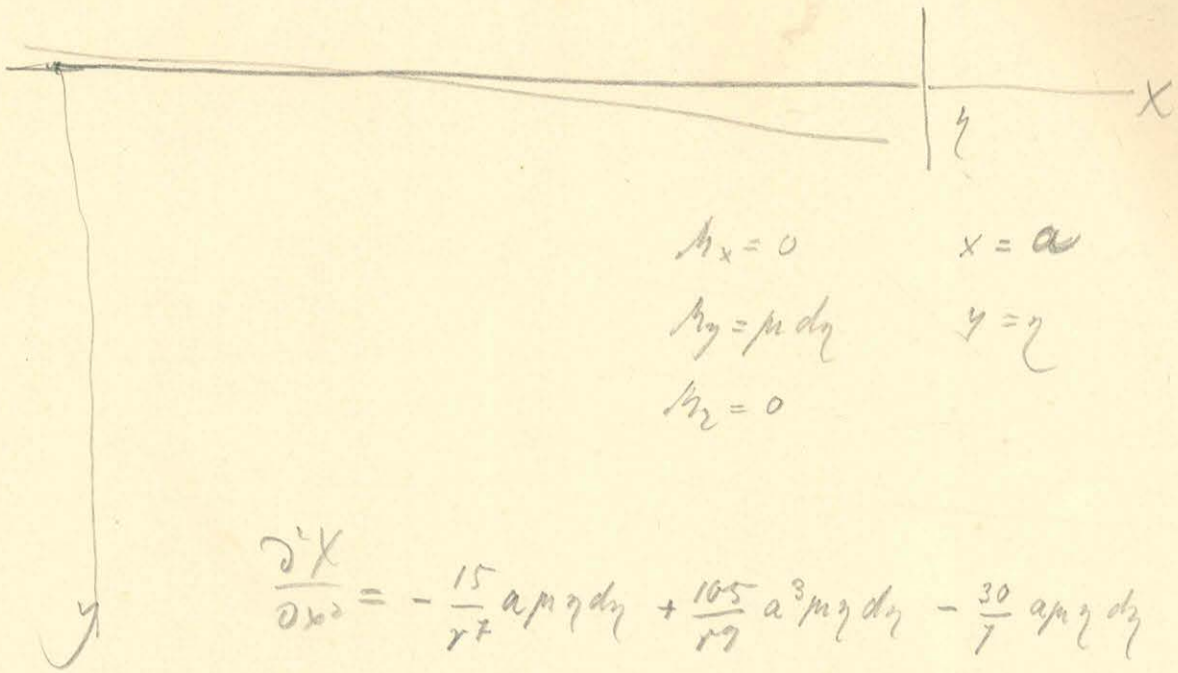
$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2} = - \frac{3 a}{r^2} (a M_y + b M_x) + \frac{3 M_y}{r^5}$$

$$+ \frac{105 a^2 b}{r^9} (a M_x + b M_y + c M_z) - \frac{15 b}{r^7} (2a M_x + b M_y + c M_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial y^2} = - \frac{3 b}{r^2} (a M_y + b M_x) + \frac{3 M_x}{r^5}$$

$$+ \frac{105 a b^2}{r^9} (a M_x + b M_y + c M_z) - \frac{15 a}{r^7} (a M_x + 2b M_y + c M_z)$$

Minimális feszítés



$$M_x = 0 \quad x = a$$

$$M_y = \mu dy \quad y = z$$

$$M_z = 0$$

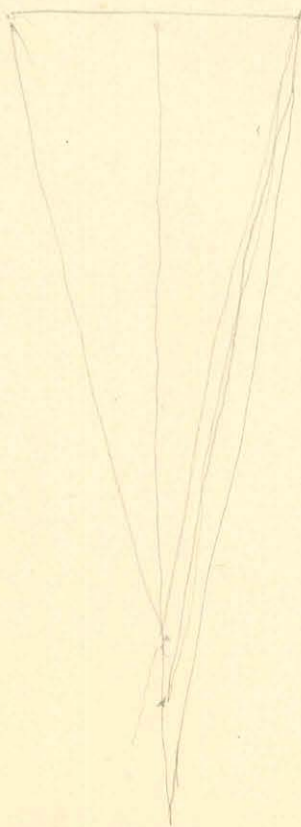
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} &= -\frac{15}{r^2} a \mu z dy + \frac{105}{r^2} a^3 \mu z dy - \frac{30}{r} a \mu z dy \\ &= -\frac{45}{r^2} a \mu z dy + \frac{105}{r^2} a^3 \mu z dy \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{45}{r^2} \mu z^2 dy + \frac{9}{r^2} \mu dy + \frac{105}{r^2} \mu z^4 dy$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{3a^2}{r^2} \mu dy + \frac{9}{r^2} \mu dy + \frac{105}{r^2} a^2 \mu z^2 dy - \frac{15}{r^2} \mu z^4 dy$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{3sa}{r^2} \mu z dy + \frac{105}{r^2} a \mu z^3 dy - \frac{30a}{r^2} \mu z dy$$

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$$\frac{M}{r^2}$$

$$\left(a - \frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + l^2$$

$$\frac{\mu d}{\left(\left(a - \frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + l^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\mu d}{\left(\left(a + \frac{l}{2}\right)^2 + l^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{\mu d}{a^3} \left\{ \frac{1}{\left(\left(1 - \frac{l}{a}\right)^2 + \frac{l^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{1}{\left(\left(1 + \frac{l}{a}\right)^2 + \frac{l^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right\}$$

$$1 - \frac{3}{2} \left(-\frac{el}{a} + \frac{l^2}{a^2} + \frac{l^2}{a^2}\right) + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \sqrt{(a-x)^2 + \dots} = -\frac{a-x}{r}$$

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} = -\frac{3}{r^5} (3(a-x) + (b-y) + (c-z)) + \frac{15(a-x)^2}{r^7} ((a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{15}{r^5} (a-x) \{3(a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z\} + \frac{9}{r^5} M_x$$

$$+ \frac{105(a-x)^2}{r^9} \{3(a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z\} - \frac{30(a-x)}{r^7} \{3(a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z\}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{15}{r^7} (b-y) \{(a-x)M_x + 3(b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z\} + \frac{9}{r^5} M_y$$

$$+ \frac{105(b-y)^2}{r^9} \{(a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z\} - \frac{30(b-y)}{r^7} \{(a-x)M_x + \dots\}$$

$$M_x = 0 \quad (a-x) = b-y = c-z = 0$$

$$M_y = 6 \quad y = 0 \quad b = r$$

$$M_z = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = 0 \quad \frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{36}{r^5} M + \frac{105}{r^5} M - \frac{30}{r^5} M = +\frac{39}{r^5} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial y^2} = \frac{39}{r^5} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{3(a-x)}{r^7} ((a-x)M_y + (b-y)M_x) + \frac{3}{r^5} M_y$$

$$+ \frac{105(a-x)^2(b-y)}{r^9} ((a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z) + \frac{15(b-y)}{r^7} (aM_x + bM_y + cM_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} = -\frac{3(b-y)}{r^7} ((a-x)M_y + (b-y)M_x) + \frac{3}{r^5} M_x$$

$$+ \frac{105(a-x)(b-y)^2}{r^9} ((a-x)M_x + (b-y)M_y + (c-z)M_z) - \frac{15(a-x)}{r^7} (aM_x + bM_y + cM_z)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 Y}{\partial x^2} = -\frac{12}{r^5} M$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 X}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2}$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} C^2 \cdot \frac{12 \text{ pdt}}{r^5}$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} C^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{12}{r^5}} \frac{1}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$-\frac{3}{6} \left(\frac{1}{(r+\frac{1}{2})^4} - \frac{1}{(r-\frac{1}{2})^4} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2} - (r-\frac{1}{2}) \right)$$