

Ms 5099 / 5-6. Eötvös-lászló jézseki. Szarvaskő

2 kötet bor.

HI. I. P. AKADEMIA
KÖNYVTÁRSZERVEZŐKÉNT
1972. ÉV. 17. SZ.

Ms 5099/5

Ardein
Vig. alles

MAGYAR
KÖZLEMÉNYEK AKADÉMIAI
KÖNYVTÁRA

1892. júni 27.

↓ Entner, Akademie.

TT állás 160,0

10 ^h	10 ^m	216.4
	20	215.8
	30	215.7
	40	215.7
	50	214.95
11	0	214.05
	10	213.9
	20	213.7
	30	213.4
	40	213.4
	50	213.3
12	0	213.3

Ar átforgatás nélkül lenakart.

1892. jüni 19.

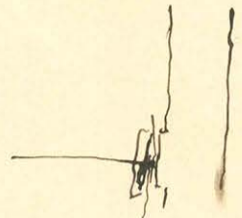
E. J. J.

L esköz ar akadémidbom.

II Allas, Index 160,0



Este 8 ^{hr}	30 ^m	222.3			
	40	222.95			
	43	223.05			
	50	222.8	Espumid	Real. sig (300 cm)	
9	0	221.3	220.8	222.2	
	15	220.3	220.6	222.2	222.4
	20	220.35			
	30	220.8			
	40	220.9			
	50	220.55			
10	0	220.3			



Skatalaivalo (hikoi spini ds oio koiro) 315,0 t = +25.0

I Allas, Index 250,0

10	38	169.9			
11	5	304.7	271.7	270.6	270.9 - 222.9 = 48.0
11	32	261.0	272.3	271.1	
11	58	276.2		270.9	

~~271.1 - 222.7 = 48.4~~

Skatalaivalo 316,3 t = +26.1

II Allas, Index 160,0

12	42	153.2			
1	10	241.8	221.3	222.5	
1	38	215.1	222.1	223.3	
2	4	224.65	222.0	223.2	222.4

~~271.6 - 223.2 = 48.4~~

Skatalaivalo 313,0 t = +25.2

271.4 - 223.4 = 48.0

I Allas, Index 250,0

3 ^h	5	217.8			
	32	293.3	273.4	272.1	5.70 ^m r. 4 ^h 50 ^m llovi
	58	266.2	273.4	272.1	271.9
4	24	276.0			Eräbästeri i märe

Skatalaivalo = 317,3 t = +25.2

1892 júnus 20.

Este jeli
kevin egy.

I. oldal Index 250,0

8

este	8h.	50m.	275,6
	9h.	0m.	275,9
		10m.	276,3
		20	276,9
		30	277,4
		40	278,1
		50	278,9
	10h.	0	279,1
		10	279,6
		20	279,6
		30	279,6

t = 25,8

Red. egyenl.
277,8

Kislatás volt: 319,2

<u>II. oldal</u>		Index 100.	<u>Egyenl.</u>	<u>Red. egyenl.</u>
11h.	13m.	30.	174,8	229,5
	40m.	30.	248,0	229,8
12h.	6m.	30	223,2	
	32m.	0.	232,15	

Kislatás volt: 316,5

<u>I. oldal</u>		Index 250	<u>Egyenl.</u>	<u>Red. egyenl.</u>
1h.	9m.	30.	252,8	279,0
	36m.		290,9	279,2
2h.	2m.		277,8	
	28m.		282,8	

278,5 - 230,9 = 47,6

279,2 - 231,1 = 48,1

Kislatás volt: 322,0

<u>II. oldal</u>			<u>Egyenl.</u>	<u>Red. egyenl.</u>
3h.	25m.	30.	253,2	230,2
	51m.		222,0	230,2
4h.	18m.		233,1	
	44		229,2	

t = 25,4

Kislatás 319,3

Újra mérések a
Egyesületi mérések:
5h. 10m. ke 5,59m.

July 21.

bars

Entrée, Académie. T. Allan, 160,0

8 ^h	35 ^m	236,8		
	45	237,85		
	48	237,9		
	55	237,35		
9	5	236,1	235,7	236,5
	15	235,4		
	19	235,3	235,5	236,3
	25	235,35		
	35	235,7		
	45	235,1		
	55	235,05	235,1	235,9
10	5	235,1		



Skatataival 318 c, t + 25,7

T. Allan 250,0

10	42	247,05			
11	9	301,3	287,6	285,4	285,3 - 237,1 = 48,2
	-	282,9	287,5	285,3	
	55	289,1			

Skatataival = 318,5

T. Allan 160,0

0	40	297,3		
1	6	215,8	237,5	238,2
	31	245,3	237,6	238,3
	56	234,8		

Skatataival = 319,0 t = +25,5

T. Allan 250,0

286,6 - 238,3 = 48,3

2	41	261,1		
3	9	299,7	290,0	288,0
	34	286,75	290,0	288,0
	57	292,0	290,6	

Skatataival 315,5

Gymnasia - sookorpe = 2,5

Junius 22

este havis my

Tailor Index 750,0

t = 26,3

est. sh.	30m.	0.	287,0
	40m.		287,0
	50		287,2
9h.	0		288,8
	10m.		290,5
	20		291,3
	30		292,3
	40		292,7
	50		292,5
	55		292,4
10h.	0		292,7
	10		293,3
	20		294,0
	30		294,0

Expenses	Red. expenses
294,0	291,8

Kelatawat : 315,7 em.

II tailor Index: 160

11h.	10m.	0.	201,9	Expenses	Redu
	36m.	0.	201,5	247,6	246,0
12h.	1m.		239,8	247,7	246,1
	27m.		247,9		

Kelatawat : 329,5

I tailor

12h.	53	0.	164,1	Expenses	Red. expenses
1h.	19m.		238,1	297,4	294,2
	46		285,1	297,3	294,0
2h.	14		301,0		

Kelatawat : 322,0 em.

II tailor

2h.	50m	30.	292,0	Expenses	Red. expenses
3h.	17m		230,2	246,7	246,7
	43		252,4	246,6	246,6
4h.	9m		244,4		

t = 26,0

Kelatawat : 302,5

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1892 June 15

I entri or akademi diiki kemeben $t=25,6$

I aisi

adi, 250,0

ent 9h.	25m.	272,0
	35m.	272,3
	45	273,3
	55	274,4
10h.	5m.	275,2
	15	275,9
	25	276,8

Suma

Index: 250

Skalatur 293,2 cm.

II aisi

11h.	18m.	20.	319,9
	44m.	30.	206,0
12h.	11m.	30	247,7
	37m.	20	234,8
1h.	5m.	0.	241,4

Index 160,0

Skalatur 294,2

I aisi

1h.	7m.	20.	266,2
	24m.		304,2
	50m.		294,1
7h.	30		298,8

Skalatur 308,3 cm.

II aisi

3h.	53m.	246,0
	12m.	252,5
	44m.	251,9

Skalatur 304,5

Temp. 25,1

Eyemus

276,5

237,9

239,2

Eyemus

296,2

297,3

Eyemus

252,0

252,4

WALAH
LEMBING AKADEMI
KONVENSIA

1892. június 13.
 L. Emlék, Akadémia.

Este éven - gus

II Index 160,0

8 ^h	30 ^m	227.95		
	40	227.0		
	50	225.7		
9	0	224.7		
	10	223.8		
	20	222.95		
	30	222.05		
	40	221.5		
	50	221.05		
10	0	220.8		
	10	219.5		
	20	219.1		
	30	219.05		
	40	218.9		
	50	218.8		
11	0	218.3		
	10	218.3	218.3	218.6
	20	218.3		

Skálalárol 303,0 t = 26°6

T. Index 250,0

11	56	186.7		
0	23	292.95	265.5	265.0
	50	256.0	265.55	265.5
1	15	268.9		

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Skálalárol 309,5 T. Index 160,0

1	57	166.4		
2	18	238.2	220.6	221.0
	44	214.9	221.4	221.8
3	10	223.9		

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Skálalárol 304,0 t = 26°1

T. Index 250,0

3	41	335.7	268.4	268.1
4	7	245.3	270.2	269.9
	35	276.4		
5	3	268.4		

Vindallan' 5.40 Emsibetter

Skálalárol 305,0

June 24 . 1892.

Iallis Tides 250

este gh.	5m	272,7
	15	272,4
	25	<u>272,6</u>
	35	273,0
	45	273,2
	55	273,8
wh.	5	274,0
	15	274,1
	25m.	274,1

t = 25,6

⊕

Red. error
273,8

Statistical: 304,8

	<u>II. altis</u>	
11h.	13m	186,2
	39	238,4
12h.	5	221,2
	20	227,3

<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Red. error</u>
225,4 225,8	225,5
225,7 225,7	225,8

Kalatawi 309,3 em.

	<u>Iallis</u>	
1h.	27m 30.	315,2
	54m.	263,9
2h.	20	284,7
	47	275,8

<u>Exposure</u>	
277,3	275,2
277,3	275,2

Kalatawi 325,0

	<u>II. altis</u>	
3h.	21m	266,4
	47	211,1
4h.	13	230,9
	40	222,9

<u>Exposure</u>	<u>Red. error</u>
225,7	<u>226,7</u>
225,2	226,2

Kalatawi 313,2

t = 25,4

274,5 - 225,8 = 48,7
275,2 - 226,3 = 48,9

Summation 5m 30 (Estimated)

1892. Juni 25

I. Soroks, Akadémia

II állás 160,0

9 ^h	30 ^m	228.8		
10	40	228.7		
	50	228.2		
10	0	228.1		
	10	228.05		
	20	228.0		
	30	227.95		
	40	227.95		
	50	227.95	228.0	228.9
11	0	228.05		

Skálalásról 313.3 t = +25.1

I állás 250,0

11	32	343.0	?	
	49	323.3	329.9	326.6
12	16	330.7	330.0	326.7
	39	329.8	330.1	326.8
+	6	330.1		
	31	330.1		

Skálalásról 313,0

1	56	172.3		
2	23	227.8	289.3	288.2
	50	276.7	289.1	288.0
3	17	293.0		

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Skálalásról 308,5 t = +25.0

Vízállás (Eroschbacher 5.14)

8,7

8,9

June 26

II adla Index 160

			allo 250
est 9h.	20	284,7	t=26,0
	30	184,0	
	40	182,9	
	50	181,0	
	60	179,9	
10h.	10	179,0	
	20	178,2	
	30	177,4	
	40	176,7	
	50	175,7	
11h.	60	175,3	
	10	175,8	
	20	176,5	
	30	176,9	
	40	176,9	
	50	176,7	
	60	176,7	

Expenses
176,7

Red. expenses
178,6

Skatatast 308,0

Fälles

12h.	27m	169,8
	55	206,7
1h.	21	234,4
	47	246,2

Expenses
242,5
243,0

Red. expenses
243,0
243,5

Skatatast 320,2

II adla

3h.	2m.	213,5
	28m.	199,5
	55	203,9
4h.	22	202,3

Expenses
202,8
202,7

Red. expenses
203,0
202,9

Skatatast 299,0

t=25,6

Vindar 4,91

I. emelés az Akadémiában. június 16.
Mélet és gyakorlat újra folytatása

II. állás

11h.	20m.	0.	178,9
	46.		214,8
12h.	12m.		202,9
	39m.		207,1
1h.	30m.		206,5
2h.	30		207,5
3h.	30		208,0
4h.	30		208,8

Összesen

Egyenlőség
205,9
206,0

1892 június 17.

Leírás az akadémiában

		<u>Írták:</u>	Index 760,0	<u>Összes</u>	
esk. g. h.	10m.		202,8	<u>Exponens</u>	300 cm. re refer.
	20		202,0		
	22m.		202,0 <i>fordul</i>		
	45		202,4 <i>fordul</i>		
10h.	2m.		202,1 <i>fordul</i>	202,3	704,6
	20m.		202,4 <i>fordul</i>	202,2	704,5
				202,3	704,6

Skálázás: 315,0 cm.

		<u>Írták:</u>	Index 250,0	<u>Összes</u>	
10h.	50m.	0.	322,1	<u>Exponens</u>	300 cm. re refer.
11h.	16m.	0.	232,7		
	4m.		263,2		
12h.	7m.		251,3		
				255,2	254,7
				254,6	254,1

Skálázás: 333,6

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		<u>Írták:</u>		<u>Exponens</u>	300 cm. re refer.
12h.	47m.	20.	232,9		
1h.	13m.	20	198,9	206,4	208,5
	28		208,6	206,4	208,5
2h.	3m.		205,8		

Skálázás: 315,0 cm.

		<u>Írták:</u>		<u>Exponens</u>	300 cm. re refer.
2h.	48m.	20.	224,2	258,1	257,7
3h.	14m.	20	269,5	258,2	257,8
	42m.		254,2		
4h.	7m.		259,9	204,6	254,1
				208,5 ²³⁹	257,8 ²³⁷
				206,5	255,9

Skálázás: 315,2 cm.

12m. 254,1 - 206,6 = 47,5

2m. 269,0 - 208,5 = 60,5

259,4
3000

1892 June 18

Plethurochaete Tene

I adls

erte neys antatto.

6h	50m	01	240,5	x
	14m	70	269,1	x
7h			256,9	x
	40m		261,25	x
8h	3m		261,25	x
	4m		259,0	x
	29m		261,25	x
	56m		261,2	x
ah.	10m		261,6	
	20m		262,0	
	30		262,1	
	40m		262,1	
	50		262,1	
9h.	60m		315,0	
W. at atavut				

<u>Expend</u>	<u>Red. expend</u>
262,1	261,5

t = 25,5

II adls

10h.	40m	W.	170,0
11h.	7m		229,7
	32m	70.	210,1
			216,8
12h.	9		315,5
W. at atavut			

<u>Expend</u>	<u>Red. expend</u>
215,0	216,7
215,1	216,8

T adls

12h.	58m		323,4
1h.	25m		244,8
	51m		272,3
2h.	16		262,2
W. at atavut			315,2

<u>Expend</u>	<u>Red. expend</u>
265,2	264,4
264,9	264,2
264,9	264,2

II adls

2h.	54m	01	171,3
3h.	20		230,7
	47m		211,6
4h.	13m		217,8
W. at atavut			317,0

<u>Expend</u>	<u>Reduced expend</u>
216,2	218,0
216,3	218,1

t = 25,1

216,8	261,5
218,1	264,2
217,45	262,85

12 adls 262,9 - 216,8 = 46,1
 2 adls 264,2 - 217,5 = 46,7

45,4
 30000

$$i^2 r = i e t$$

VMS kysymys

$$\text{Vollausgäbe} = 10.000.000 \text{ €SS}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9800 \\ 9825 \\ \hline 416500 \end{array}$$

$$1 \text{ gr. Cal} = 425.980.00$$

$$1 \text{ Vollausgabe} = \frac{10000}{4165} = 0,2401 \text{ gram Caloria}$$

$$1 \text{ ggehtzira} = 2,7 \text{ Volt am}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2,214 \\ 108 \\ \hline 54 \\ \hline 698 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4165 \overline{) 10000 \overline{) 2401}} \\ 8330 \\ \hline 16700 \\ 16660 \\ \hline 4000 \end{array}$$

$$1 \text{ ggehtzira} = 0,72 \text{ gram Caloria}$$

$$1 \text{ ggehtzira} = 2592 \text{ gr. Caloria}$$

$$\text{Preis der Cal} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ Mark, } 6 \frac{100}{16}$$

$$1 \text{ ggehtzira} = 16 \text{ Mark Caloria$$

$$\text{er kauft hat } 20,5 \text{ Gramm} = 5 \text{ Gramm}$$

$$1 \text{ Vollausgabe} = 10000 \text{ Volt}$$

$$1 \text{ Volt} = 75.000.980.00$$

$$7500 \text{ 000 000}$$

$$7350 \text{ 000 000}$$

$$1 \text{ Vollausgabe} = \frac{1}{735} \text{ Volt}$$

$$E \sim \frac{r}{(z+r)^2}$$

$$i e = \left(\frac{E}{z+r} \right) t$$

$$i = \frac{E}{z+r}$$

$$E \sim \frac{r}{z+r} \cdot \frac{1}{z+r}$$

$$E \sim \frac{r}{(z+r)^2}$$

1000 Volt
1000 Volt

ROYAL
LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT
MÜNCHEN
BIBLIOTHEK

6,6,5		7,1		11,3		8,5		9,3		10,1		13,5	
den	min	den	min	den	min	den	min	den	min	den	min	den	min
55,7	59,7	55,8	61,3	87,3	96,1	65,3	69,5	76,9	84,2	89,7	85,0	105,0	110,6
56,4													
4,0		5,5		8,8		4,2		7,3				5,6	
11,3													
87,6	94,0												
6,4													

2

$$\frac{22 \times 18}{2} = 198$$

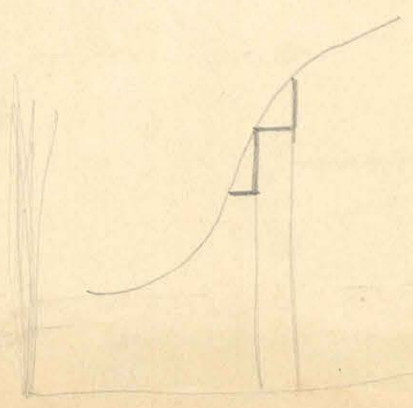
$$\frac{110 \times 78}{2} = 4290$$

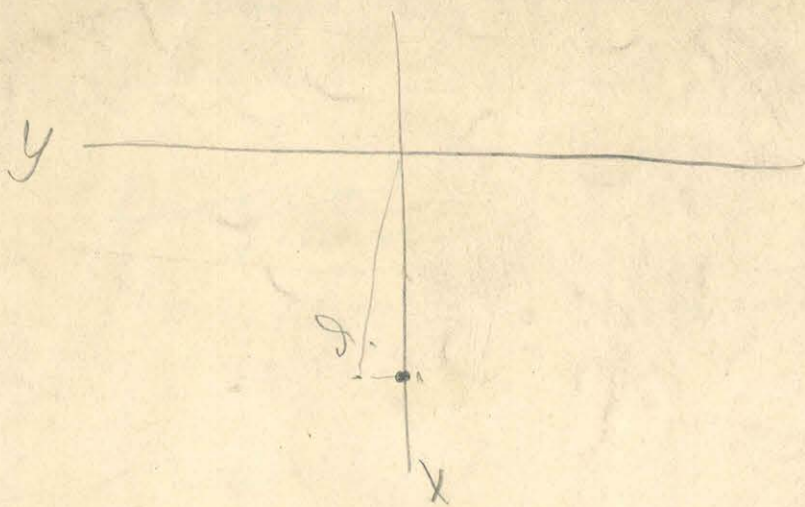
$$198 : 628 = 3,15$$

32	213,5		
gub	6,9	gub	54,6
34	298,1		4983
gub	6,6	gub	109,8
36	188,3		5017
gub			17° 40'
38	243,5		54,6
			55,2
			69,8

MAGYAR
KÖZMŰVELISÉG AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

0,220	0,281	0,442	0,580	0,718	0,879	1,173	1,644	2,545
+0,9	+3,2	4,6	6,1	10,4	14,4	21,5	44,1	100,0
1,0	0,4	2,0	3,2	6,1	10,6	22,6	48,0	135,4





MAGYAR TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

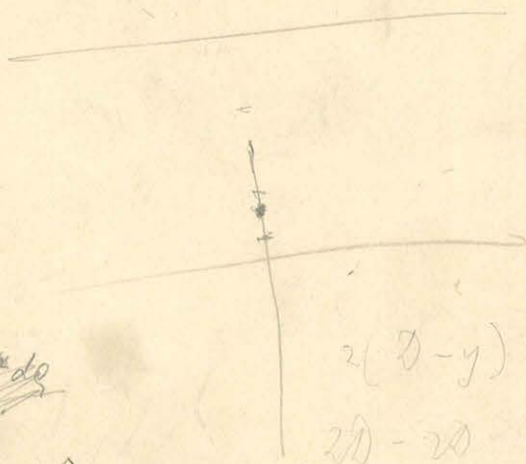
$$Y_r = \tau \varphi$$

$$\underline{Y_r - \tau \varphi = 0}$$

$$\left(y + \frac{dy}{dy} r \varphi + \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} r (1 - \cos \varphi) \right) r d\varphi - \left(X' + \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} r (1 - \cos \varphi) + \frac{\partial X}{\partial y} r \varphi \right) r d\varphi - \tau \varphi - \tau d\varphi$$

$$\frac{dy}{dy} m r^2 \varphi - X' r \varphi - \tau \varphi$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} m r^2 - X' r - \tau \right) \varphi$$



~~10 D em do~~

$$2(\varphi - y)$$

$$2\varphi - 2\varphi - 2\varphi$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} = \frac{dV}{d\varphi} = 4\pi/5$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial \varphi} = 4\pi/6$$

$$2\pi/5 \varphi$$

$$2\pi/5 \varphi$$

$$4\pi/5 \varphi$$

d

$$4\pi/5$$



Delutatio by approximation heretofore called only
 maximum by $m = 2$ what.

KONVINKA
 INSTITUT FOR ACADEMIC
 MAJOR

$$l \arctan \frac{m^2}{l\sqrt{l^2+m^2}}$$

$Cl = m^2 l^2$
 $Cm = 2^2 l$

$$l \arctan \frac{m^2}{l\sqrt{l^2+m^2}} + 2m \log(1+\sqrt{2}) - 2m \log \frac{\sqrt{l^2+2m^2}+m}{\sqrt{l^2+m^2}}$$

the most illand' a tipjak alhar. $m^2 l = V$
 what $l = \frac{V}{m^2}$ is vs

$$\frac{V}{m^2} \arctan \frac{m^2}{\frac{V}{m^2} \sqrt{\frac{V^2}{m^4} + 2m^2}} + 2m \log(1+\sqrt{2}) - 2m \log \frac{\sqrt{\frac{V^2}{m^4} + 2m^2} + m}{\sqrt{\frac{V^2}{m^4} + m^2}}$$

V

$lm^2 = C$

$l = \frac{V}{m^2}$

$\frac{l}{m} = \frac{C}{m^3}$

$2ml \cdot dm = m^2 dl$

$dm = \frac{m}{2l} dl$

$dl \cdot l \arctan \frac{m^2}{l\sqrt{l^2+m^2}} = \frac{m}{2l} \cdot 2m dl \left\{ \log(1+\sqrt{2}) - \log \frac{\sqrt{l^2+m^2}+m}{\sqrt{m^2+l^2}} \right\}$

$\frac{l^2}{m^2} \arctan \frac{1}{\frac{l}{m} \sqrt{\frac{l^2}{m^2} + 2}} = \log(1+\sqrt{2}) - \log \frac{\sqrt{2 + \frac{l^2}{m^2}} + 1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{l^2}{m^2}}}$
 0,874

log 2 = 0,30103

$\frac{l^2}{m^2} = x^2$

$x^2 \arctan \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2+x^2}} = \log(1+\sqrt{2}) - \log \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2}+1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$
 0,874

let $x = 1$ at the. $\sqrt{2+x^2} = \sqrt{3} = 1,732$

$B = \arctan \frac{1}{1,732} \left| \arctan = 0,5773 \right. \text{ right} = 30^\circ \text{ arc} = \underline{0,524} = B$

$J = 0,5343 = 0,427 \text{ } 0,226$

$x = 0,9$ at the ~~$\sqrt{2+x^2} = 1,68$~~
 $\sqrt{2+x^2} = \sqrt{2,81} = 1,68$

$B = 0,477$

$J = 0,184$

$x = 2$ $\sqrt{2+x^2} = \sqrt{6} = 2,45$

$B = 804$

$J = 0,442$

$$d \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} \frac{m}{\sqrt{l^2 + 2m^2}} = \frac{m}{l} d \left\{ \operatorname{log}(1 + \sqrt{2}) - \operatorname{log} \frac{\sqrt{l^2 + 2m^2} + m}{\sqrt{m^2 + l^2}} \right\}$$

$$\frac{l}{m} = x$$

$$x \operatorname{arc} \operatorname{tg} \frac{1}{x \sqrt{2+x^2}} = \operatorname{log}(1 + \sqrt{2}) - \operatorname{log} \frac{\sqrt{2+x^2} + 1}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$$

β 0,8816 γ

$x = 1$

$\beta = 0,524$ $\gamma = 0,206$

$x = 0,9$

$\beta = 0,506$ $\gamma = 0,184$

МАГЯН
ТУДОРАКОВ АКАДЕМИ
КНИЖНИЦА

$x = 2$

$\beta = 0,402$ $\gamma = 0,442$

~~points after operations~~

$x = 1,9$

$\sqrt{2+x^2} = 2,0685$

$\sqrt{1+x^2} = 2,1471$

and 2,000 by using

angle = $12^{\circ} 32'$

arc = 0,2188

$\operatorname{log} 1 + \sqrt{2} = 0,8816$

$\beta = 0,4157$

$\gamma = 0,4011$

$x = 1,8$

$\sqrt{2+x^2} = 2,2891$

$\sqrt{1+x^2} = 2,0591$

angle $10^{\circ} 59'$

arc = 0,2082

$\beta = 0,4288$

$\gamma = 0,4155$

$x = 1,85$

$\sqrt{2+x^2} = 2,2286$

$\sqrt{1+x^2} = 2,1000$

angle $13^{\circ} 4'$

arc = 0,2282

$\beta = 0,4222$

$\gamma = 0,4224$

max $x = 1,8493$

at least $\frac{1}{69}$

$\frac{0,05}{69}$

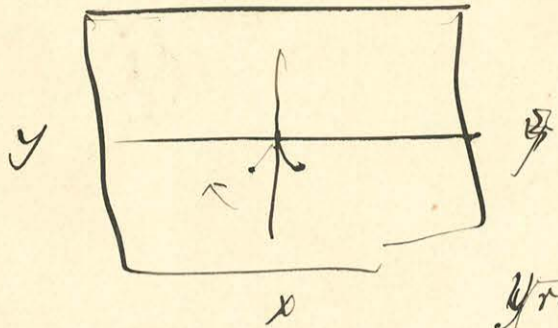
$\frac{0,0500}{30000}$

$\frac{1,8500}{1,8493}$

$\frac{0,05}{26}$

Carathéodori definíció.

Lsd.



$y_{rand} - x_{rand}$

$y = \frac{y}{x}$

$x + \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial y}$

$x_y - y_x$

$x_r + a$

$(x + \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial y})_{rand} - (y + \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial y})_{rand}$

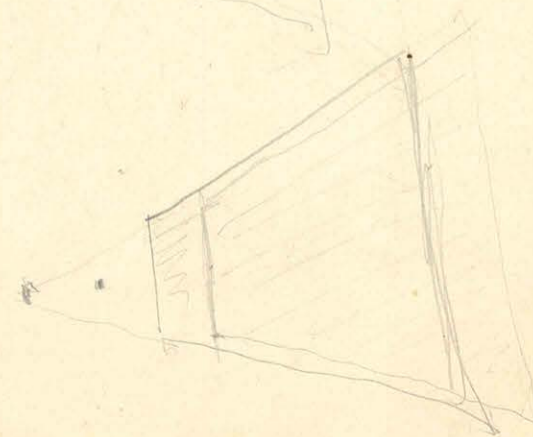
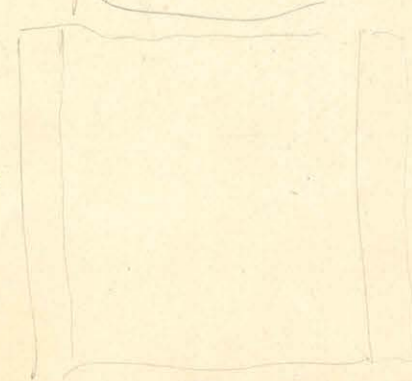
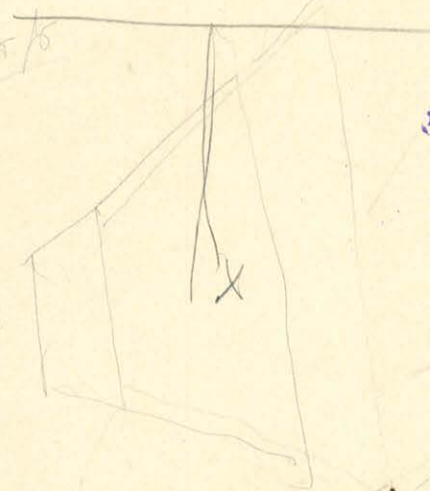
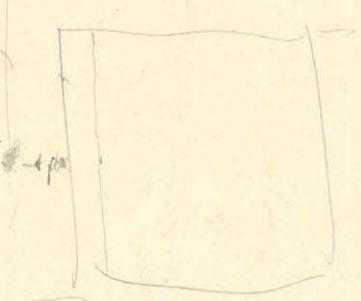
$(x + \frac{\partial x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial x}{\partial y})_{rand} - (y + \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial y})_{rand}$

$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = y_{rand}$

$\frac{y}{x}$

MAGYAR TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA KÖNYVTÁRA

$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x}$



535

$$\begin{array}{r} 774,5 \\ 774,2 \\ \hline 5,9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 66,48,26 \\ 46,42,16,5 \\ \hline 20,06,09,5 \end{array}$$

758

4,9

$$\begin{array}{r} 21,6,19,5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7200 \\ 360 \\ \hline 181,7 \\ \hline 1578,7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 44 \\ 21 \\ \hline 64 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 187 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7200 \\ 360 \\ \hline 191,5 \\ \hline 7579,5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12427,64,5 \\ 11492,41,2 \\ \hline 1282,23,5 \end{array}$$

12 10 42,5

$$\begin{array}{r} 112,34,55,5 \\ \hline 1,15,48,0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2600 \\ 1680 \\ \hline 22,5 \\ \hline 8 \quad 5303,5 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2600 \\ 900 \\ \hline 48 \\ \hline 6 \quad 4548 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 48 \end{array} \quad | \quad 758$$

WANTAR
KODISIWIYAKADEN
KONTYARA

$$\begin{array}{r} 4,25 \\ 0,625 \\ \hline 5000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6h. 62m. 85,20 \\ 5h. 18m. 58,0 \\ \hline 1 \quad 43 \quad 27,3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7h. 2m. 25,1 \\ 1m. 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12h. 19m. 49,0 \\ 9h. 19m. 91,0 \\ \hline 3h. 39,3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 24,5 \\ 0,64 \\ \hline 9,86 \\ 14,70 \\ \hline 15,680 \end{array} \quad 15,7$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2600 \\ 2580 \\ \hline 27,0 \\ \hline 8 \quad 6207,0 \\ \hline 60 \\ \hline 47,73 \end{array} \quad | \quad 775,91 \quad | \quad \begin{array}{r} 2600 \\ 10839,8 \\ \hline 98 \\ \hline 103 \\ \hline 98 \\ \hline 596 \\ \hline 38 \\ \hline 100 \end{array} \quad | \quad 774,2$$

14 30

3240
6 3270 / 54
27

54 96,7

3240
367
6 3270 / 546,2
27,6 T' = 546,2
7 T = 474,4

$$T' - T = 71,80$$

$$T' + T = 1020,6$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{by } T' - T &= 1,8561244 \\ T' + T &= 3,0088556 \\ \hline &4,8649800 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &2,6761447 \\ &2,7270517 \\ \hline &5,4031964 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &4,8649800 \\ &10,8269928 \\ \hline &0,0379872 - 6 \end{aligned}$$

0,00000109141

14 45 0

$$T' = 885,2$$

$$T = 649,8$$

$$T' - T = 235,5$$

$$T' + T = 1535,1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{by } T' - T &= 2,0719909 \\ T' + T &= 3,1861067 \\ \hline &5,5581276 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &2,8127797 \\ &2,9470905 \\ \hline &5,7598702 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &5,5581276 \\ &11,5197404 \\ \hline &0,0383872 \end{aligned}$$

0,00000109241

MADYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

Inductio

6 17 20
56 36 13,16

$$D = 0,8225 \quad T = 10 \text{ m } 49,0 = 649,0$$

$$D = 0,1796$$

$$12 \text{ m } 27,5 = 757,5$$

$$\log 0,1796$$

$$\log 0,8225$$

$$0,9009121$$

$$9,9151259 - 1$$

$$\alpha = -\frac{1}{T} \log \text{has } D,$$

10,
21 38
10 49

62 48 215
42 42 16,5
22. 6m 15.0
126 15
12m 37,5

$$0,0990869$$

$$9,0818641$$

$$\underline{6497575}$$

$$6495$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 796 \overline{) 9908,69} \quad | \quad 12448 \\ \underline{796} \\ 1948 \\ \underline{1592} \\ 3566 \\ \underline{2184} \\ 3820 \\ \underline{2584} \\ 6360 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7575 \overline{) 848641} \quad | \quad 1 \\ \underline{7575} \\ 9114 \end{array}$$

$$7575 \overline{) 9908,69} \quad | \quad 13083$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 649 \overline{) 8486,41} \quad | \quad 13075 \\ \underline{649} \\ 1996 \\ \underline{1947} \\ 4941 \\ \underline{4623} \\ 318 \end{array}$$

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

916 4509
0083 5461

$$\begin{array}{r} 29336 \\ \underline{22725} \\ +61190 \\ \underline{+5150} \\ 9690 \\ \underline{7575} \\ 21150 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 649 \overline{) 835461} \quad | \quad 1281 \\ \underline{649} \\ 1860 \\ \underline{1298} \\ 5620 \\ \underline{5192} \end{array}$$

2750
50500
2755
47745

37
9
333

50500
2788
57712

47105
985
1640
48860

1450
48550

64
576
58
50500
1416
105849084

50 59442

1511
48989

33
15
15
11 165

1822
48767
500
1822
66737

500
1766
48734
10045
488986
2790
10

27
40

1400
13 1070
9430

1600
48878

22
70
6449024
1476

500
1922
48567

50500
1842
48657
22
24
25
27
50500
2072
471424

1570
1825
9244675

44500
1244
49156

22

1824
48676

66
66
72
50500
1428
49072

50500
1742

52
57
48757

55
55
60

1540
48960
50500

50500

2694
7806

50500
2766
47766

50500
1262
49238

akata, alul 0.0

35 24 31 10	7,300 gr.	2.18	- 7374 gr.
18.20 14.32	7300	20.9	- 7364
8.30 25.6	7300	24.0	- 7398
21.36 19.29	7400	20.1	- 7455
17.22 4.7	7300	13.9	- 7287
13.15 26.27	7300	18.8	- 7340
1.33 34.12	7400	17.6	- 7428
3.5 9.16	7400	23.9	7497
11.21 23.28	7300	13.1	7278
			<u>66,421</u>

454500
66421
388,079

50,500 gr.
arred.
nggaman:

15.1
15.2

Arred. ms = 454,500 - 66,421 = 388,079 gr.

MASYAR
KUDUMAHOR AKADEMI
KONVINTARA

terpajak = 219,9 x 30 x 30 = 35820
Arred.

$\sigma = 10,834$

di O. G. Madrasah nel dlmor
dulu a me-legalis Kerdeleu.

Multiplicatio 2 Kincselegyvel.

Vizsgy a mind vizsma es alomvizok varas-ahoz $\frac{1}{22}$

A két vizköltség magassága egyenlő 0,85 C. 14

hossz 30 C. szélesség 30 C.

Érvelésig a felső lyuk a víz edj alsó lyukig 2,4 C.

C azaz költség $C = 2,4 + a \text{ (felső lyukig)} + b \text{ (közlemény)} + d \text{ (alsó lyukig)}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2,4 \\ + 0,42 \\ + 0,2 \\ + 0,9 \\ \hline 3,92 \end{array}$$

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

Spécimen aq erore negre

$$f \text{ o } \delta \text{ o } \text{ lyuk } \text{ arat } \frac{\sqrt{a^2+c^2}(b+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}{c(b+\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2})}$$

~~mind $f \text{ o } \delta \text{ o } \text{ lyuk } \text{ arat } = m$~~

$$= f \frac{m}{a^2} \text{ lyuk } \text{ arat } \frac{\sqrt{a^2+c^2}(b+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}{c(b+\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2})}$$

$\frac{1537}{2025} = 0,759$
 $\frac{2562}{44}$

hissamitandó I $a = 30 \mid 900$ $b = 15 \mid 225$ $c = 2,92$ 1537

II $a = 30 \mid 900$ $b = 45 \mid 2025$ $c = 2,92$ 2025

I lyuk arat $\frac{\sqrt{2437}(15+\sqrt{1762})}{3,92(15+\sqrt{2662})} = \frac{49,366 \cdot 56,976}{3,92 \cdot 66,595} = 2,37720$

II lyuk arat $\frac{\sqrt{2437}(45+\sqrt{3562})}{3,92(45+\sqrt{4462})} = \frac{49,366 \cdot 104,682}{3,92 \cdot 111,798} = 2,4675$

hossz

Erk sunt telur labe uue by a rind frays momentuna
 ap dabbins $\frac{1}{22}$ ligen a frays momentuna a gravitudo p_gten

~~$$= \frac{23}{22} \cdot 14,95 \cdot 100,04 \cdot f \cdot 5 \cdot 50 (4,6641)$$~~

$$\sigma_{dc} = \frac{m}{g} = \frac{5152}{900}$$

hinnis

$$I = \log \text{ nat } \frac{\sqrt{915,27} (15 + \sqrt{240,27})}{3,92 (15 + \sqrt{1140,27})} \approx \frac{30,255 \cdot 30,504}{3,92 \cdot 48,769} = 1,5743$$

$$II = \log \text{ nat } \frac{\sqrt{915,27} (45 + \sqrt{2040,27})}{3,92 (45 + \sqrt{2940,27})} = \frac{30,255 \cdot 90,170}{3,92 \cdot 99,205} = 1,9479$$

Tekin labe uue by a rind frays momentuna $\frac{1}{22}$ ede a wofatun
 ligen a frays momentuna $\sigma_{dc} = \frac{m}{g} = \frac{5152}{900}$ feller malar a uue

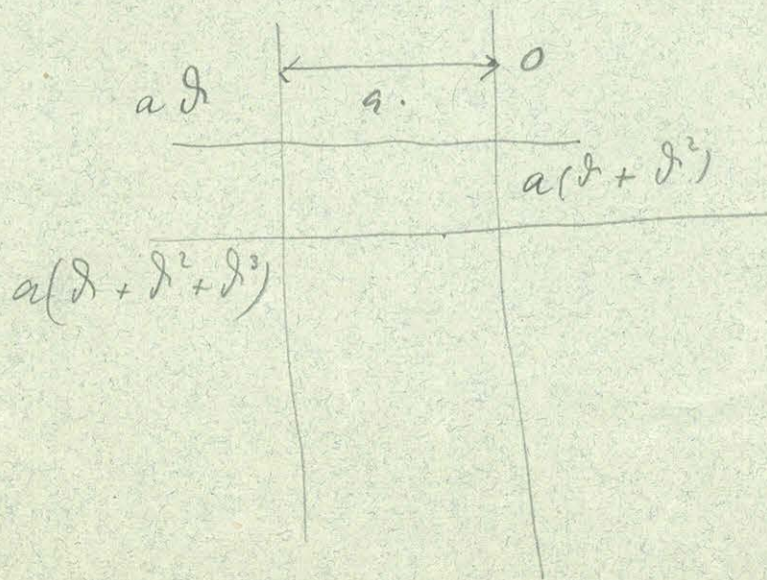
$$= \frac{23}{22} \cdot 14,95 \cdot 100,04 \cdot \frac{5152}{900} \left(\underbrace{3 \times 1,5743 - 1,9479}_{2,7750} \right)$$

of effento' = $F \frac{x}{l}$ establit a hol $F = 0,625$
 $l = 122,5$

x a multiplicatio bot additio

Multiplicatio.

but effentio wofatun uue



erős szám

$$120^7 \text{ literes } \quad a + a d$$

$$2 \text{ db} \quad a(1+d) + a(d+d^2)$$

$$3 \text{ db} \quad a(1+d+d^2) + a(d+d^2+d^3)$$

$$4 \text{ db} \quad a(1+d+d^2+d^3) + a(d+d^2+d^3+d^4)$$

$$\text{összesen } a_1 \text{ az } n \text{ kitegés} = a \left(\frac{d^{n+1}-1}{d-1} + d \frac{d^n-1}{d-1} \right) \\ = a \frac{1+d}{1-d} (1-d^n)$$

A 20 db literes erőfeszítés = 10,84 Centiméter.

$$d = 0,79 \text{ liter}$$

$$a = 10,84 \cdot \frac{0,21}{1,79} \cdot \frac{1}{(1-0,00085)} \\ = 1,999915$$

$$a = 4x = 1,272$$

$$x = 0,318$$

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

$$f = 0,625 \cdot \frac{0,318}{122,5} \cdot \frac{22}{23} \cdot \frac{900}{100,04 \cdot 5752 \cdot 2775 \cdot 14,95} = 0,0000000652$$

A projekt erőfeszítés a vízhez 1 literrel
a nem az írás 1 literrel több

$$\text{az az } f = 0,0000000660$$

Multiplicati' 1 Din blazuel

a = 30 b = 15 c = 4,20

c = 3,92 re	1,5740) $\frac{1847}{0,84} = 0,2199$
c = 4,26 ra van	1,3896	
c = 5,26 ra	1,2960	
5,26	1,2120	
) $\frac{0,0936}{0,5} = 0,1872$
) $\frac{0,0840}{0,5} = 0,1680$ 0,0192

c = 4,20 b = 15 a = 20 I = 1,575
 c = 4,20 b = 45 a = 20 II = 1,890

3,92	1,948) $\frac{0,190}{0,84} = 0,226$) $\frac{0,032}{84} = 0,038$
4,76	1,758) $\frac{0,97}{0,5} = 0,194$) $\frac{0,018}{0,5} = 0,036$
5,26	1,661) $\frac{0,088}{0,5} = 0,176$	
5,76	1,573		

c sperunt a gravitatei proprie

$$f \frac{22}{22} 14,95 \cdot 100,04 \frac{1812}{900} \cdot 2,655 = F \frac{x}{L}$$

F = 0,625 L = 122,5 x = $\frac{a}{4}$

a hat a 16 ic kiterin = ~~2,75~~ 3,62

$$\text{what } 4x = 3,65 \cdot \frac{0,21}{1,79} \frac{1}{1-0,79^{16}}$$

~~Parabolas~~ c sperunt x = ~~0,1096~~ 0,1087
~~van blazueli jefke t'ien kiterin~~
~~x = 0,1087~~

$$f = 0,625 \frac{0,1107}{122,5} \frac{22}{23} \frac{900}{1812} \frac{1}{100,04 \cdot 14,95 \cdot 2,655} = 0,00000000665$$

$$I = \arctan \frac{bc}{a\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}$$

$$II = \log \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}(c+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}{b(c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2})}$$

$$III = \log \frac{\sqrt{a^2+c^2}(b+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}{c(b+\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2})}$$

a	b	c	I	II	III	aI + bII + cIII
30	15	14.65	0.197 5228	+0.440 8013	+0.462 7507	+19.317 001
30	45	14.65	0.373 7506	+1.557 0459 +0.052 3923	+0.733 5658	-49.107 508 24.316 912

a: 1.477 1213	2.954 2426	a ² : 900.				
b: 1.176 0913	2.352 1826	b ² : 225.				
b ₂ : 1.653 2125	3.306 4250	b ₂ ² : 2025 2025.				
c: 1.165 8376	2.331 6752	c ² : 214.6225	a ² +c ² : 1114.6225			
			3.047 1278	$\sqrt{a^2+b^2}$: 1.523 5639		

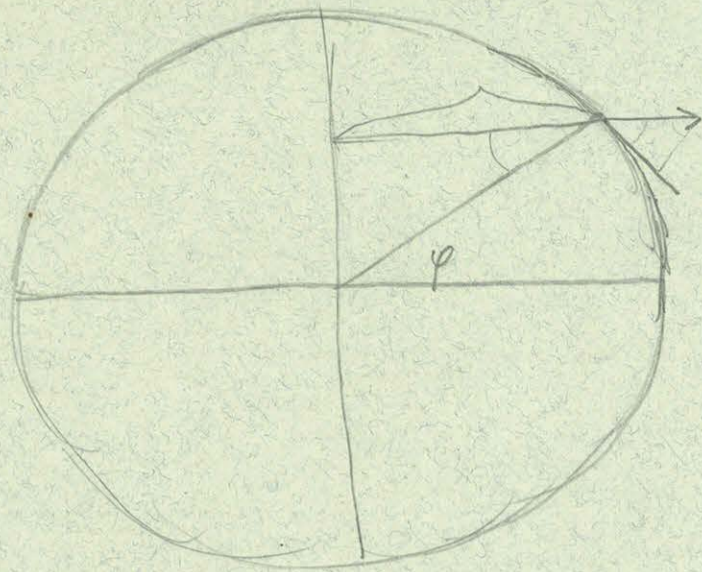
a ² +b ²	1125	3.051 1525	1.525 5763	33.541015		
a ² +b ₂ ²	432 2925	3.466 1259	1.733 0630	54.083275		
b ² +c ²	439.6225	2.643 0799	1.321 5299	20.966700		
b ₂ ² +c ²	2239.6225	3.350 1748	1.675 0874	47.324652		
a ² +b ² +c ²	1339.6225	3.126 9824	1.563 4912	36.600849		
a ² +b ₂ ² +c ²	3139.6225	3.496 8774	1.748 4387	56.032333		

b: 1.176 0913	1.653 2125	$\sqrt{a^2+b^2}$: 1.525 5763	1.733 0630	$\sqrt{a^2+c^2}$: 1.523 5639	1.523 5639
q _a : 9.688 7163	9.688 7163	c+ $\sqrt{a^2+b^2}$: 1.551 6536	1.792 2141	b+ $\sqrt{a^2+c^2}$: 1.555 9006	1.965 3177
0.864 8076	1.341 9288	3.077 2299	3.525 2777	3.079 4645	3.488 8816
1.563 4912	1.748 4387				
9.301 3164	9.593 4901				
11° 19' 29"	21° 24' 51.6"				
0.191 9862	0.366 5191				
5.5269	6.9813				
1097	2473				
	29				
197 5228	373 7506				

b.	1.176 0913	2.352 1826	c	1.165 8376	1.165 8376
c+ $\sqrt{a^2+b^2}$:	1.709 4010	1.849 3109	b+ $\sqrt{a^2+c^2}$:	1.712 6568	2.004 4604
2.885 7923	3.502 5734		2.878 4944	3.170 2980	
0.191 4376	0.022 7537		0.200 9709	0.318 5836	
9.282 0272	8.357 0524		9.303 1314	9.503 2234	
Mod: 9.637 4843	9.637 4843		Mod: 9.637 7843	9.637 7843	
log(log) II: 9.644 2429	8.719 2678		SS III: 9.665 3471	9.865 4391	

SS II: 9.665 3471	9.865 4391
c	1.165 8376
0.831, 1847	1.031, 2767

[range values used]



$$\omega R \cos \varphi \sin \varphi$$

$$\frac{1}{2} R \omega^2 \sin^2 \varphi$$

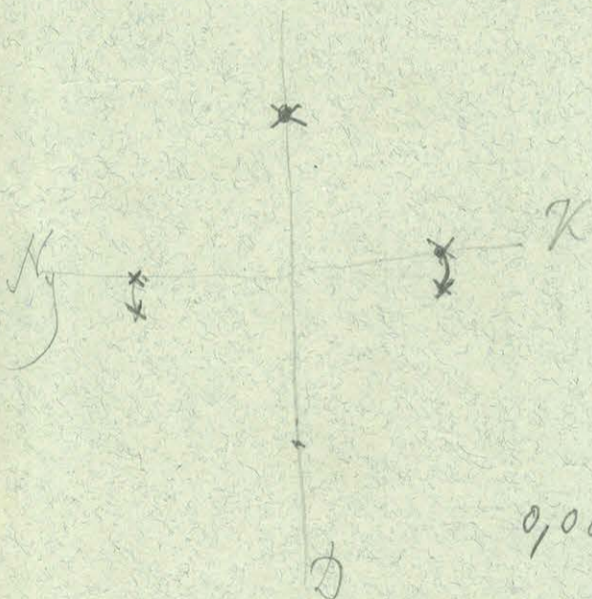
$$\frac{1}{2} h \omega^2 \sin^2 \varphi$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2600 \\ 24 \\ \hline 144 \\ 72 \\ \hline 86400 \\ \epsilon \end{array}$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{86400} \quad 31416$$

$$86400 \overline{) 628320} \quad 0,00007272$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 628320 \\ \underline{60480} \\ 23520 \\ \underline{17280} \\ 6240 \\ \underline{60480} \\ 1720 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 7272 \\ \underline{7272} \\ 14544 \\ 50904 \\ \underline{14544} \\ 50904 \\ \hline 0,0000000052881984 \end{array}$$

$$5288 \quad 47^{\circ} 20'$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{5288}{M \cdot m}$$

$$\varphi = 47^{\circ} 20'$$

$$= 2495' \sin \varphi =$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9946 \\ \underline{1728} \\ 47592 \\ \underline{47592} \\ 5266848 \\ 2600 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Hilf } \frac{1}{2} \omega^2 \sin^2 \varphi = \frac{2600}{M \cdot m} \quad m = 1,000000$$

$$h = 2000 \text{ C. aus}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \omega^2 h \sin^2 \varphi = \frac{5266}{M}$$

Projektion

$$\frac{1}{2} \omega^2 h m l \sin^2 \varphi$$

$$m = 50 \quad l = 20$$

$$F = \frac{5266}{M} = 0,005266$$

größtes

$$\text{Lagen } \varphi \omega = 0,005266$$

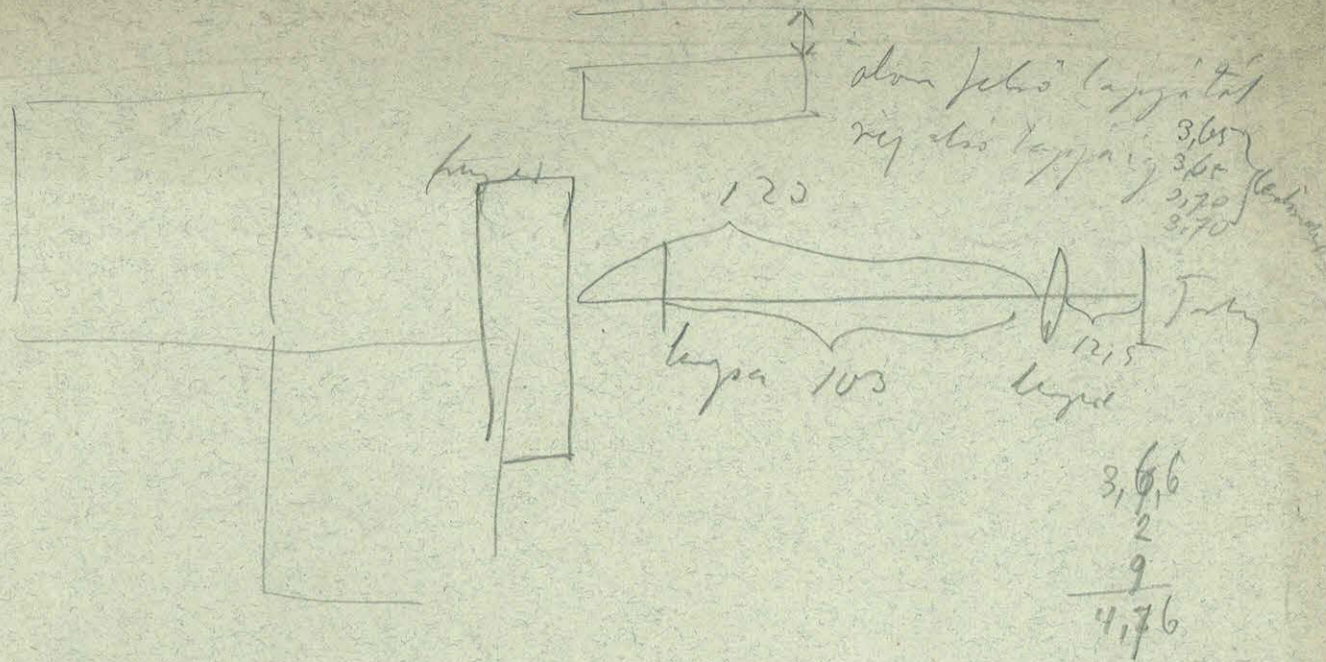
$$h = 0,52\% \quad \omega = 0,01 \quad \alpha = 35'$$

$$I = \arctan \frac{bc}{a\sqrt{a^2+b^2c^2}} \quad ; \quad II = \ln \frac{\sqrt{a^2b^2(c+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}}{b(c+\sqrt{a^2+b^2c^2})} \quad ; \quad III = \frac{\sqrt{a^2c^2}(b+\sqrt{b^2+c^2})}{c(b+\sqrt{a^2+b^2c^2})}$$

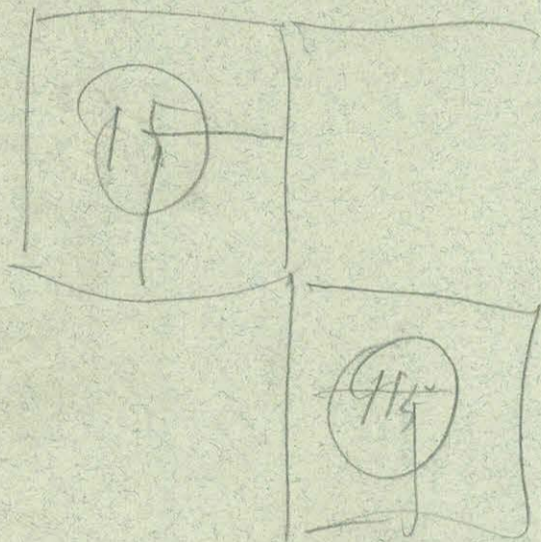
$$\frac{P}{\rho} = aI + bII + cIII$$

a	b	c	$\frac{b}{a}$	$\frac{c}{a}$	I.	II	III	$\frac{P}{\rho}$
30	15	5,26	0,500000	0,175333	0,0773084	0,187662	4,29600	11,95719
30	15	4,76	0,5.....	0,158667	0,0701380	0,170790	1,38955	11,2802
30	15	5,76	0,5.....	0,192000	0,0844255	0,204242	1,21206	12,5779
30	15	25,16	0,5.....	0,838667	0,291484	0,596024	0,191250	22,4967
30	15	24,66	0,5.....	0,822000	0,287945	0,590795	0,198662	22,3993
30	15	25,66	0,5.....	0,855333	0,294946	0,601086	0,184175	22,5906
30	45	5,26	1,500000	0,175333	0,144193	0,0195791	1,66088	13,9404 21,8456
30	45	4,76	1,5.....	0,158667	0,130759	0,0176818	1,75791	13,0861
30	45	5,76	1,5.....	0,192000	0,157540	0,0213508	1,57320	14,2486
30	45	25,16	1,5.....	0,838667	0,564114	0,0835704	0,361756	29,7858
30	45	24,66	1,5.....	0,822000	0,556663	0,0823130	0,373174	29,6066
30	45	25,66	1,5.....	0,855333	0,571426	0,0848774	0,350810	29,9641

Alat alumis 1200

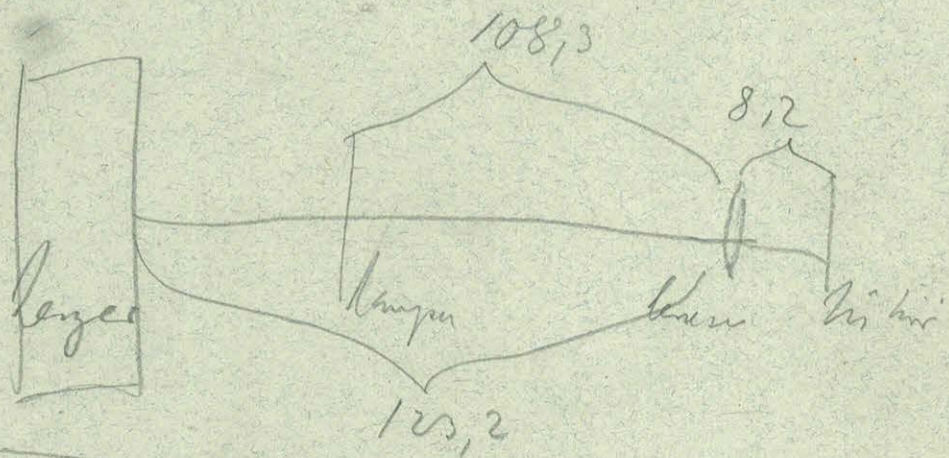


gubis a

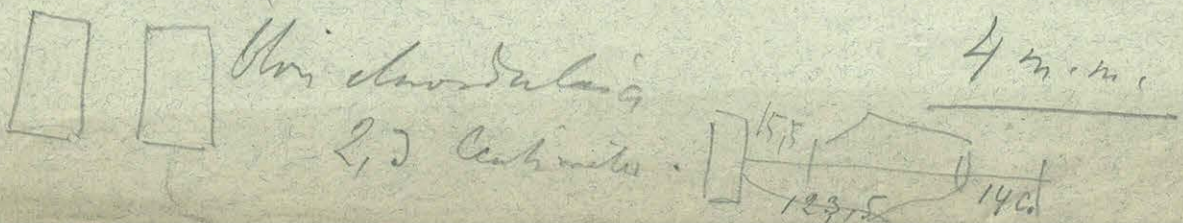


a rilyany ulalla gubis a
2,75 Ciclo

KADYAR
TUGAS AKADENSI
KONVITARA



Alat alumis Jelis' legga a rilyany ulalla gubis a



Alat alumis Jelis' legga a rilyany ulalla gubis a

2,5 Ciclo

4 m.m.c

Zinklenzenes beállítás lencse - légs 122,5

Zinkleny távolság a réz alis lapjától

20, 20,5, 24,5, 24 légs 24 mm
átlós felis légs 14

Alis lencse vastagsága 3 mm felis 8
átlós 8,5 mm

1 Vagy 2	3,350 gr
2 V	3,330 gr
1 beküldés 2	1,895
2 - - -	1,830

1795
830

2625
1872

I átlós görgő fémalgyök 48,550
II - - - - - 49,700

Állvány magja 197 x 192 x 120
Átlós 15 mm átlósirány

Magj páros fémalgyök 90 x 30,5 x 3,7
Súlys = 4,730

Körselverken

$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{M}{r^2 \pi^2} = \frac{T' - T}{T_0^3}$$

er

$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{M}{r^2} = \pi^2 \frac{u}{T_0^2}$$

Ämnet är att bestämma höjden
 av en kula som faller från en
 höjd av 100 fot. Detta kan göras
 genom att mäta tiden som
 kulan tar att falla från
 denna höjd till marken.

Resultatet av denna mätning är 1129,30 s

och en annan mätning ger 1144,30

och en tredje mätning ger 1134,61

$$\bar{t}_0 = 1136,72$$

$$u = \text{diametern } 13,60'' = 22' 40''$$

$$13,73 = 22' 53''$$

En annan mätning är 1134,61 s

$$J = \frac{T' - T}{T_0^3}$$

och detta kan användas för att bestämma

höjden på kulan genom att använda

formeln $s = \frac{1}{2} g t^2$, där s är höjden, t är tiden och g är gravitationskonstanten.

Resultatet är 100 fot.

Ergebnis $T = \pi \sqrt{\frac{K}{2g}} = \pi \sqrt{\frac{1}{25}} =$ Resultatet är $4\frac{1}{2}$ s och detta är höjden

$$\frac{2000}{500} = 40000 \text{ Mm}$$

$$\frac{2000}{300} = 700 \text{ M}$$

$$2000$$

$$\frac{1}{10 \text{ m}}$$

$$100 \text{ m}$$

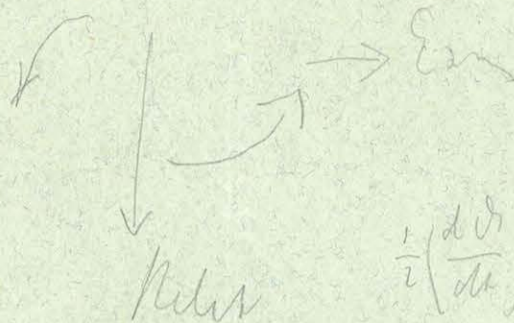
$$\frac{10000}{3.2 \text{ wt}}$$

$$20000$$

$$100 \text{ M}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -c \sin \omega t$$

$$c = \frac{F}{k}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)^2 = - \int c \sin \omega t dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} c \omega \sin \omega t + C$$

$$\frac{2M}{r^3} = \frac{4}{3} \pi^2$$

$$= 12.$$

$$C = \omega_0^2 - c \cos \omega t$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \sqrt{\omega_0^2 - c(1 - \sin \omega t)}$$

$$\frac{8}{5}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \omega_0$$

$$5$$

$$125 \text{ m.}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \omega_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{2c}{\omega_0^2} \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T}$$

568

$$\frac{1}{T_0} = \frac{g}{\pi^2} \left(\frac{1}{\rho_1} - \frac{1}{\rho_2} \right)$$

$$\frac{7.5}{568^2} \frac{\pi^2}{g} + \frac{1}{\rho_2} = \frac{1}{\rho_1}$$

568

182,250,000

A₇ aluminium rúd súlya 8,1370 gr.

A tartó és tükör súlya ... 9,8497 gr.

Összesen 17,9867 gr.

Három szál platinasodrany a gyakorlat helyiségben a ruhafogason van 80-80 grammal kifeszítve.

Részleteket nem küldött Lüss.

A₁ egy (•) ponttal jelzett saigerez golyó súlya 30,005 gr.

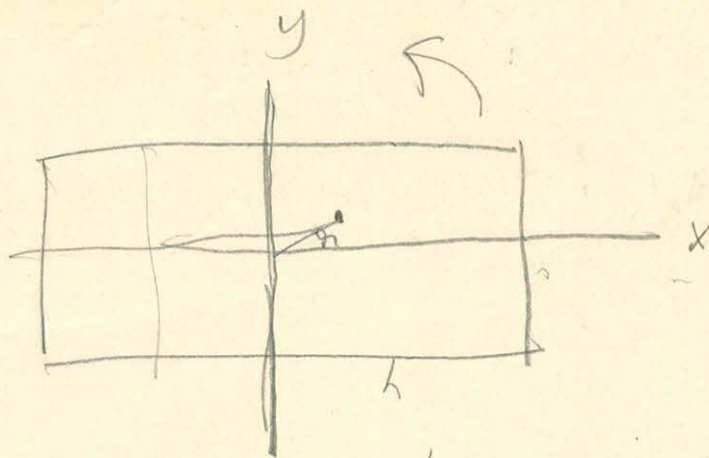
A két (••) ponttal " " " " 30,002 gr.

A három (•••) " " " " 29,930 gr.

A négy (••••) " " " " 29,929 gr.

1000

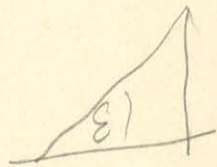
3000 3000 3000



$$2l^2 \cos 2\alpha \int_0^h \int_0^s -2l^2 \cos 2\alpha \sin \alpha \int_0^h \int_0^s$$

$$2l^2 \sin 2\alpha \left\{ \int_0^h \int_0^s \frac{1}{m} - \int_0^h \int_0^s \frac{1}{n} \right\}$$

$$- (2 \sin 2\alpha) \left\{ \int_0^h \int_0^s \frac{1}{m} - \int_0^h \int_0^s \frac{1}{n} \right\}$$



$$d = w + \epsilon$$

$$l^2 = r^2 + \xi^2$$

MAJLIS
INDONESIA/OK AKADEMI
KONVITARA

$$(\xi^2 + r^2) \sin 2\alpha + 2r\xi \left\{ \right\}$$

$$r^2 \xi (\xi^2 + r^2) (\sin 2\alpha \cos 2\epsilon + \cos 2\alpha \sin 2\epsilon) \left\{ \right\}$$

$$\xi^2 + r^2 (\sin 2\alpha \cos 2\epsilon) \left\{ \right\}$$

$$(\xi^2 + r^2) \sin 2\alpha - (\xi^2 + r^2) \sin 2\alpha$$

$$- 2r\xi \sin 2\alpha$$

$$\frac{\xi^2 \sin 2\alpha - r^2 \sin 2\alpha}{\sin 2\alpha (\xi^2 - r^2) dx dy}$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi^2 + r^2} dx dy$$



$$\cos 2\epsilon = \cos^2 \epsilon - \sin^2 \epsilon$$

$$= 1 - 2\sin^2 \epsilon$$

$$\sin \epsilon = \frac{r}{\sqrt{\xi^2 + r^2}}$$

$$-\cos \phi$$

$$1 - 1$$

$$\arctan \frac{bc}{a\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}$$

$$16 (I_m^s - I_m^h)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 20,8 \\ 14,9 \\ \hline 44,7 \end{array}$$

19,8

$$h = 44,7 \quad s = 14,9 \quad \rho =$$

$$m = 1,3$$

$$i \text{ or } \rho h' = 21,1$$

$$I = \arctan \frac{44,7 \cdot 21,1}{14,9 \sqrt{14,9^2 + 44,7^2 + 21,1^2}} - \arctan \frac{14,9 \cdot 21,1}{44,7 \sqrt{14,9^2 + 44,7^2 + 21,1^2}} = \frac{0,774918}{0,75121} = 42^\circ 55' 29''$$

$$II = \arctan \frac{44,7 \cdot 1,3}{14,9 \sqrt{14,9^2 + 44,7^2 + 1,3^2}} - \arctan \frac{14,9 \cdot 1,3}{44,7 \sqrt{14,9^2 + 44,7^2 + 1,3^2}} = \frac{0,07336}{0,67785} = 4^\circ 12' 12''$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \sqrt{I} = \sqrt{2665,01} \quad \log \sqrt{I} = 1,71288 \\ \sqrt{II} = \sqrt{2221,79} \quad \log \sqrt{II} = 1,67035 \end{array}$$

14	222,01
44	1998,09
21	445,21
	<hr/> 2665,31

$$\begin{array}{l} \log 1,3 = 0,11094 \\ \log 14,9 = 1,17319 \\ \log 21,1 = 1,32428 \\ \log 44,7 = 1,65001 \end{array}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\pi^2}{16 \times 0,67785} \frac{(\sqrt{I} - \sqrt{II})(\sqrt{I} + \sqrt{II})}{5^2 \sqrt{II}} = \frac{222,01}{1998,09} \frac{11,69}{2221,79} = 2,42575$$

$\begin{array}{r} 1,17019 \\ 1,71288 \\ \hline 2,88307 \\ 2,88307 \\ \hline 5,76614 \\ 9,92228 \\ \hline 10,08852 \\ 50^\circ 49' 57'' \\ 49^\circ 100' 57'' \\ 7 \cdot 45 \cdot 28 \\ \hline 43 \cdot 55 \cdot 29 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,65001 \\ 1,32428 \\ \hline 2,97429 \\ 2,88307 \\ \hline 5,85736 \\ 10,08852 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,65001 \\ 1,71288 \\ \hline 3,36289 \\ 3,36319 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,17019 \\ 1,32428 \\ \hline 2,49447 \\ 2,26219 \\ \hline 9,13428 \\ 7^\circ 45' 28'' \\ 0,73304 \\ 1,600 \\ 14 \\ \hline 0,174918 \\ 0,06981 \\ 0,496 \\ \hline 0,107336 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,17019 \\ 1,67035 \\ \hline 2,84054 \\ 2,84654 \\ \hline 8,91771 \\ 4^\circ 43' 48'' \\ 155 / 4400 / 28 \\ \hline 210 \\ 1200 \\ 1240 \\ \hline 22,4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,65001 \\ 0,11094 \\ \hline 1,76095 \\ 2,84654 \\ \hline 8,91771 \\ 4^\circ 43' 48'' \\ 225 / 12100 \\ 225 / 2200 \\ \hline 550 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1,65031 \\ 1,17319 \\ \hline 2,82350 \\ 3,32066 \\ \hline 7,96347 \\ 0^\circ 31' 36'' \\ 23 / 54,2 / 24 \\ \hline 26 \\ 74618 \\ 7226 \\ \hline 0,67582 \end{array}$
--	--	--	--	--	---	--

$$\mu \frac{d^2 w}{dt^2} + H \frac{dw}{dt} + K w = 0$$

$$w = A e^{-\alpha t} \sin \frac{2\pi(t-t_0)}{T}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{H}{2\mu} \quad \frac{2\pi}{T} = \sqrt{\frac{K}{\mu} - \alpha^2}$$

Thin Rod Länge l

$$K = m \frac{l^2}{12}$$

ablenkbare parallelstreckung parallel zu e

$$K = m \frac{(a^2 + b^2)}{12}$$

Cylinder Axe $K = m \frac{r^2}{2}$

⊥ zur Axe $K = m \left(\frac{l^2}{12} + \frac{r^2}{4} \right)$

Kugel $m \frac{2}{5} r^2$

$$T^2 = \pi^2 \frac{K_0 + Ms^2}{Mg + c(K_0 + Ms^2)}$$

$$\frac{T^2}{\pi^2} = \frac{Mg}{K_0 + Ms^2} + c$$

$$\frac{T^2}{\pi^2} = \frac{Mg}{K_0 + Ms^2} + c$$

gebildet

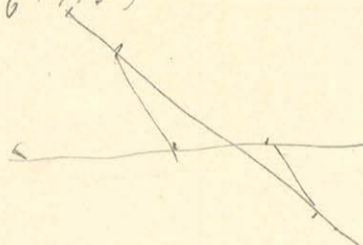
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial s} \frac{Mg}{K_0 + Ms^2}$$

$$\frac{Mg}{K_0 + Ms^2} - \frac{Mg \cdot 2Ms}{(K_0 + Ms^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{K_0 Mg - 2Ms^2 Mg}{(K_0 + Ms^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{Mg (K_0 - Ms^2)}{(K_0 + Ms^2)^2}$$

2Ms



$$\frac{T^2}{\pi^2} - \frac{T^2}{\pi^2} = \frac{Mg (K_0 - Ms^2)}{(K_0 + Ms^2)^2} + 2c$$

$$\delta + \Delta + \frac{\delta}{1 + \frac{\Delta}{\delta}}$$

$$\frac{K_0 + Ms^2}{Mg} = \frac{2\delta}{g}$$

$$\frac{\delta + \Delta + \Delta + \frac{\delta^2}{\delta} + \delta}{1 + \frac{\Delta}{\delta}}$$

$$K_0 + Ms^2$$

Ms

es

$$\frac{\delta^2}{\delta + \Delta} + \delta + \Delta$$

$$\frac{K_0}{Ms} + \delta$$

es

$$\delta \left(2 + \frac{2\Delta}{\delta} + \frac{\Delta^2}{\delta^2} \right)$$

$$\delta + \Delta + \delta \left(1 + \frac{\Delta}{\delta} \right)$$

$$\frac{\frac{\delta^2}{\delta}}{1 + \frac{\Delta}{\delta}}$$

Morgen ist Sonntag, wenn das Wetter schön ist und die Sonne scheint gehen wir nach Maderno und trinken dort Cedern liqueur.

Domani e domenica, se il tempo è bello e il sole risplende ^{noi} andiamo a Maderno e biveremo Ayum di Cedro.

Nach dem Mittagessen fahren wir im Kähne nach Salò. Dopo il pranzo andiamo in barca a Salò.

La signora Ruttkay Kostentz meglio sa decidere e abbandonerà ~~e abbandonerà~~ già la prossima settimana il letto.

$$K_0 + Ms^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{4} Mg s^2$$

$$s^2 + \frac{K_0}{Ms} - \frac{\pi^2}{4} s = 0$$

$$s = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{K_0}{Ms} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \frac{K_0^2}{M^2 s^2}}$$

$$T^2 = \pi^2 \frac{K_0 + Ms^2}{Mgs + (K_0 + Ms^2)C}$$

$$T'^2 = \pi^2 \frac{K + Ms'^2}{Mgs' + (K + Ms'^2)C}$$

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

$$Mgs + 2(K + Ms^2)C = \frac{\pi^2}{T^2} + \frac{\pi^2}{T'^2}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{T^2}(K_0 + Ms^2) + \frac{\pi^2}{T'^2}(K_0 + Ms'^2)$$

$$4(K + Ms^2)C = \frac{\pi^2}{T^2} + \frac{\pi^2}{T'^2}$$

$$4K_0C + (Ms^2 + Ms'^2)C = \frac{\pi^2}{T^2} + \frac{\pi^2}{T'^2}$$

$$T^2 Mg(s - s') = \pi^2 Ml(s - s')$$

$$T^2 Mg(1 - 2s) = \pi^2 Ml(1 - 2s) \quad T^2 = \pi^2 \frac{l}{g}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1765 \overline{) 41506} \quad \underline{235,16} \\
 \underline{3530} \\
 6206 \\
 \underline{5295} \\
 9110 \\
 \underline{8825} \\
 2850 \\
 \underline{1765} \\
 10850
 \end{array}$$

- $x_0 = 401,3$
- $x_1 = 108,8$
- $x_2 = 222,9$
- $x_3 = 163,2$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 667,8 \\
 \underline{272,0} \\
 395,8
 \end{array}$$

$$-D = \frac{163,2 - 667,8 + 108,8}{222,9 - 217,6 + 401,3}$$

37

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \cancel{381,4} \\
 292,5 \\
 \cancel{1765} \overline{) 293,3}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 705,2 \\
 \underline{217,6} \\
 517,6 \overline{) 29580} \quad \underline{0,765} \\
 \underline{36232} \\
 93480 \\
 \underline{21056} \\
 24240
 \end{array}$$

$$\underline{\underline{D = 0,765}}$$

$$CT = \frac{225,1 + 2925 \cdot 0,765}{1,765}$$

$$\underline{\underline{CT = 0,74}}$$

$$a = 225,16$$

$$a = \frac{108,8 + \dots}{\dots}$$

$$a = 241,2 + \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \cancel{1765} \overline{) 506,25} \quad \underline{173,51} \\
 \underline{1765} \\
 12975 \\
 \underline{12355} \\
 6200 \\
 \underline{5295} \\
 9050 \\
 \underline{8825} \\
 2250
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4765 \overline{) 2237625} \\
 \underline{22511} \\
 22218 \\
 \underline{113000} \quad \underline{0,74} \\
 123556 \\
 \underline{6456}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \quad 4,47 \\
 \quad 8,94 \\
 \underline{19,5} \\
 28,44
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1,17 \\
 \underline{3,51} \\
 14,5 \\
 \underline{18,81}
 \end{array}$$

1,01

$$\begin{array}{r}
 401,3 \\
 \underline{0,765} \\
 20065 \\
 24078 \\
 \underline{28091} \\
 2069945 \\
 \underline{74} \\
 206,25 \\
 108,8 \\
 \underline{349,0} \\
 415,8 \\
 \underline{74} \\
 415,06
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 29 \cdot 5,21 \\
 \underline{20} \\
 4689 \\
 \underline{1042} \\
 15109 \\
 7,56 \\
 4600 \\
 \underline{756} \\
 2844
 \end{array}$$

4045 m 50 h	234,79	-	4 h. 50 m	38,44 0
	225,53	-	5 h. 8 m	28,44 0
	236,27	5 h.	20 m	18,01 0
	237,01	5 h.	28 m	8,0 0
	237,75	5 h.	52	59,0 0
	238,49	6 h.	7 m	46,0 0
	<u>239,23</u>			<u>35,0 0</u>

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

$$\frac{1}{K}(wt - \varphi) = \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{K} = b.$$

$$bwt - b\varphi = \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2}$$

$$y = bwt - b\varphi \quad \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = y$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} = -b \frac{dy}{dt} = -by$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} dy = -by dy$$

$$d\left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right) \frac{dy}{dt} = -by dy$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2 = -by^2 + C$$

ha $t=0$ $\varphi=0$ when $y=0$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = bw$$

or

$$C = b^2 w^2$$

$$b^2 w^2 = C \text{ is}$$

$$\left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2 = b^2 w^2 - by^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \sqrt{b^2 w^2 - by^2}$$

$$y = \sqrt{b} \sin(\sqrt{b} t)$$

$$t = \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} \arcsin \frac{y}{\frac{w}{\sqrt{b}}}$$

$$\sqrt{b} t = \arcsin \frac{y}{\frac{w}{\sqrt{b}}}$$

$$\frac{y}{\frac{w}{\sqrt{b}}} = \sin \sqrt{b} t$$

$$xwt - x\varphi =$$

$$\sqrt{b} wt - \sqrt{b} \varphi = \sin \sqrt{b} t$$

$$\pi w \frac{t}{T} - \frac{\pi \varphi}{T} = \sin \frac{t}{T} \pi$$

$$\varphi = wt - \sin \frac{t}{T} \pi$$

$$\frac{1}{K} = \frac{\pi^2}{T^2} = b$$

$$\sqrt{b} = \frac{\pi}{T}$$

$$\frac{y}{\frac{w}{\sqrt{b}}} = \sin \sqrt{b} t$$

$$\frac{y}{\sqrt{b}} = w \sin \sqrt{b} t$$

$$\sqrt{b} wt - \sqrt{b} \varphi = w \sin \sqrt{b} t$$

$$\pi w \frac{t}{T} - \frac{\pi \varphi}{T} = w \sin \frac{t}{T} \pi$$

$$\varphi = wt - \frac{wT}{\pi} \sin \frac{t}{T} \pi$$

$$\omega t - \varphi = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{A_1 \cos x + B_1 \sin x - \omega t}{\omega}$$

$$f(\omega t - \varphi) = \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2}$$

$$y = f \omega t - f \varphi$$

$$\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = 3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -f \frac{d\varphi}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -fy$$

$$\frac{dy'}{dt} = \frac{dy'}{dy} y' = -fy$$

$$d \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} dy = -fy dy = \frac{dy}{dt} d \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$C - fy^2 = \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2$$

$$C = f\omega^2$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{f}{\omega^2}}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = f\omega - f \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$l=0 \text{ i } \omega \text{ i } \varphi = 0 \quad y = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 0 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = f\omega$$

$$f\omega^2 - fy^2 = \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{\sqrt{f\omega^2 - y^2}} = dt$$

$$t = \arcsin y \cdot \frac{1}{f\omega} + C$$

arc sin

ha

$$\frac{y}{f\omega} = \sin t \quad y = f\omega \sin t$$

$$\omega t - \varphi = f\omega \sin t$$

$$\varphi = \omega t - \omega \sin \sqrt{\frac{f}{\omega^2}} t$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{f}{\omega^2}} = \frac{\pi}{f}$$

$$y = \omega t - \omega$$

$$- \omega \sin \frac{\pi t}{f}$$

$$\varphi = \omega(t - \sin t)$$

MAGYAR
TUDOMÁNYOS AKADÉMIA
KÖNYVTÁRA

$$\frac{1}{r_1} = \frac{1}{a} \left(\frac{a^2}{b^2} \cos^2 \delta + \frac{a}{b} \sin^2 \delta \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{r_2} = \frac{1}{a} \left(\cos^2 \delta + \frac{b^2}{a^2} \sin^2 \delta \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\log a = 8,80464$$

$$\log b = 8,80219$$

$$\log \frac{a}{b} = 0,00145$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = 1,0033$$

$$\log \frac{b}{a} = 0,99855 - 1$$

$$\log \frac{b^2}{a^2} = 0,99710 - 1$$

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$$\frac{b^2}{a^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} \left(0,50505 + 0,00073 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} \left(0,50000 + 0,49670 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$0,999670$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 99856 - 1 \\ 99928 \end{array}$$

$$0,002572$$

$$0,001256$$

$$0,003768$$

$$1,0087$$

$$9584$$

$$\hline 2,007.1$$

$$0,9984$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin}$$

$$\log \frac{a^2}{b^2} = 0,00435 \approx$$

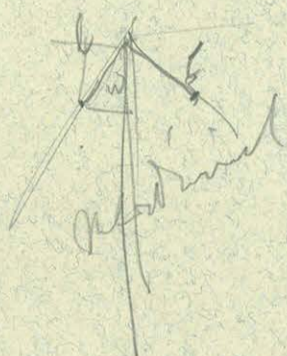
$$\frac{a^2}{b^2} = 1,0101$$

$$0,9934$$

$$- \sin \delta \, d\delta = - \frac{\sin \delta \, d\delta \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{\dots}} - \frac{\sin \varphi \, d\varphi \cos \delta}{\sqrt{\dots}} + \frac{\cos^2 \varphi \sin \delta \, d\varphi}{\sqrt{\dots}}$$

$$- \sin \mu \, d\mu = \frac{\cos \delta \, d\delta \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{\dots}} - \frac{\sin \varphi \, d\varphi \sin \delta}{\sqrt{\dots}} + \frac{\cos^2 \varphi \sin \delta \, d\varphi}{\sqrt{\dots}}$$

$$- \sin \nu \, d\nu = \frac{\cos \varphi \, d\varphi}{\frac{a'}{a^2} \sqrt{\dots}} + \frac{\sin \varphi \cos \varphi \, d\varphi}{\frac{c'}{a^2} \sqrt{\dots}}$$



$mg \sin \nu \, d\nu + mg \cos \nu \, d\delta$

$$d\nu = l \cos \varphi$$

$$- \frac{mg l^2}{\rho \sin \nu} \frac{1}{\frac{c'}{a^2}} \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\nu \cos \varphi \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\dots}} + \frac{\sin \varphi}{\sqrt{\dots}} \right)$$

$$2 \cos^2 \nu = \frac{\sin^2 \varphi}{\frac{c'}{a^2}}$$

$$\cos^2 \nu = \frac{\sin^2 \varphi}{\frac{c'}{a^2} + \sin^2 \varphi - \frac{c'}{a^2} \sin^2 \varphi}$$

$$\sin \nu = \frac{\frac{c'}{a^2} \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{\frac{c'}{a^2} + (1 - \frac{c'}{a^2}) \sin^2 \varphi}}$$

$$\cos^2 \nu = \frac{\sin^2 \varphi}{\frac{c'}{a^2} + (1 - \frac{c'}{a^2}) \sin^2 \varphi}$$

$$1 - \cos^2 \nu = \frac{\frac{c'}{a^2} + \sin^2 \varphi - \frac{c'}{a^2} \sin^2 \varphi - \sin^2 \varphi}{\dots}$$

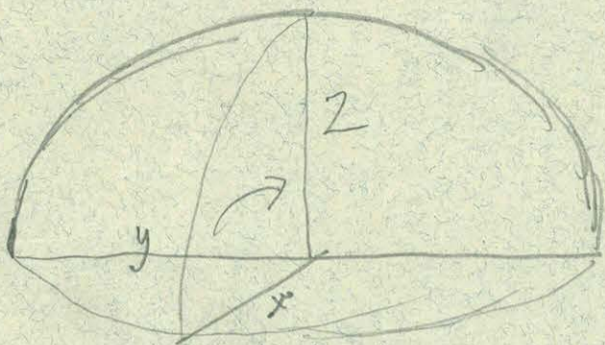
$$\sin \nu = \frac{\frac{c'}{a^2} \cos \varphi}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{c'}{a^2} \cos^2 \varphi}}$$

$$1 - \cos^2 \nu = \frac{\frac{c'}{a^2} (1 - \sin^2 \varphi)}{1 + \frac{c'}{a^2} (1 - \sin^2 \varphi)} = \frac{\frac{c'}{a^2} \cos^2 \varphi}{1 + \frac{c'}{a^2} \cos^2 \varphi}$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

$$a = b$$

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{a^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$



$$f_1 = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \quad f_2 = \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \quad f_3 = \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$$

$$N^2 = f_1^2 + f_2^2 + f_3^2$$

$$f_1 = \frac{2x}{a^2}$$

$$f_2 = \frac{2y}{a^2}$$

$$f_3 = \frac{2z}{c^2}$$

$$N^2 = 4 \left(\frac{x^2}{a^4} + \frac{y^2}{a^4} + \frac{z^2}{c^4} \right)$$

cos $\alpha =$

$$N = 2 \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{a^4} + \frac{y^2}{a^4} + \frac{z^2}{c^4}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \frac{a^4}{c^4} z^2}}$$

$$\cos \mu = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \frac{a^4}{c^4} z^2}}$$

$$\cos \nu = \frac{z}{\frac{c^2}{a^2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \frac{a^4}{c^4} z^2}}$$

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$$F = y g \cos \nu - z g \cos \mu$$

$$F = g \cdot \frac{yz}{\frac{c^2}{a^2} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \frac{a^4}{c^4} z^2}} - g \cdot \frac{yz}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + \frac{a^4}{c^4} z^2}}$$

$$x = a$$

$$y = l \cos \alpha$$

$$z = l \sin \alpha$$

$$F = -g l \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{a} \left(\frac{a^4}{c^4} - 1 \right)$$

$$\frac{1 - \frac{a^4}{c^4}}{1 + 2\epsilon}$$

$$F = \frac{g l^2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{a} 2\epsilon$$

$$F = +g l \frac{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{a} \left(1 - \frac{a^4}{c^4} \right)$$

$$a = c + \frac{a}{c} = 1 + \epsilon$$

Golyó által létrehozott forgásmomentum

x tengely a rúd irányában, y a forgás irányában az az
mérésigény, z lefelé pozitív.

A rúd tömegközéppontjához viszonyítva x
 $y=0$
 $z=0$

a golyó középpontja $x=a$
 $y=b$
M a golyó tömege $z=c$

Forgásmomentum az irányban
pozitív.

Levegő súlya az

egység $\frac{fM}{(x-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2}$

Forgás irányában az az érték $= \frac{fM}{(x-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{(x-a)^2 + b^2}}{\sqrt{(x-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2}}$

M az M súlya $= x \frac{b}{\sqrt{(x-a)^2 + b^2}}$

ahol a forgásmomentum $= \frac{fM b x}{((x-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

Ha $x=a$ akkor
forgásmomentum $= \frac{fM b a}{(b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
adott C esetén ez
maximum ha
 $b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} C = 0,707 C$

x rúd a tengelyen $kq dx$ q keresztmetszet k forgás

a tengelyen forgásmomentum $= kq fM b \frac{x dx}{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ax + x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

Egy rúdra nézve mely $\frac{l}{2}$ hosszúságú a forgásmomentum $=$

$= kq fM b \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \frac{x dx}{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - 2ax + x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

ismitte $\frac{l}{2}$ homogenen runden igve

$$A \text{ fangur, vortu} = Kq f M b \int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \frac{x dx}{((a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2ax + x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Mein Strich 188 oder

$$\int \frac{x dx}{(a+bx+cx^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = - \frac{2(2a+bx)}{(4ac-b^2)\sqrt{a+bx+cx^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{\frac{l}{2}} \frac{x dx}{((a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2ax + x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = - \frac{2(2(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2ax)}{(4(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 4a^2)\sqrt{(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2ax + x^2}}$$

$$= \frac{4(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)}{4(b^2 + c^2)\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}} - \frac{4(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2al}{4(b^2 + c^2)\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - al + \frac{l^2}{4}}}$$

er man b vel.

meis goge - a - b

$$Kq f M b \left\{ \frac{4(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) + 2al}{4(b^2 + c^2)\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + al + \frac{l^2}{4}}} - \frac{4(a^2 + b^2 + c^2) - 2al}{4(b^2 + c^2)\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - al + \frac{l^2}{4}}} \right\}$$

er gise l homogen rind hel a b c er - a - b + c folevni
gogvnt alvntu

$$\frac{2Kq f M b}{b^2 + c^2} \left\{ \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + al + \frac{l^2}{4}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + al + \frac{l^2}{4}}} - \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - al + \frac{l^2}{4}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - al + \frac{l^2}{4}}} \right\}$$

ha p a rind tinge ches.

$$2 f M \frac{M b}{b^2 + c^2} \left\{ \frac{\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{l} + \frac{a}{2}}{\sqrt{(\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{l})^2 + b^2 + c^2}} - \frac{\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{l} - \frac{a}{2}}{\sqrt{(\frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{l})^2 + b^2 + c^2}} \right\}$$

Met gages pellenen uit $l = 32$

$a = 15 \quad a^2 = 225$

$b = 15 \quad b^2 = 225$

$c = 13,85 \quad c^2 = 191,83$

$m = 9,73 \text{ gr} \quad a + \frac{l}{2} = 31 \quad a - \frac{l}{2} = -1$
 $(a + \frac{l}{2})^2 = 961 \quad (a - \frac{l}{2})^2 = 1$

a fysis moment

$= 2 \text{ fM} \frac{9,73 \cdot 15}{416,83} \left\{ \frac{27,5572}{\sqrt{1277,83}} - \frac{12,5572}{\sqrt{417,83}} \right\}$

$= \text{fM} \frac{291,9}{416,83} \left\{ \begin{matrix} 0,74240 - 0,61432 \\ 0,64445 - 0,24740 \end{matrix} \right\}$

~~$= \text{fM} \frac{291,9}{416,83} \cdot 0,69705$~~ $= \text{fM} \frac{291,9}{416,83} \cdot 0,12808$

$= \text{fM} \cdot 0,089692$

~~$= \text{fM} \cdot 0,98873$~~

a rond zijn afhankelijk van zijn trage kanten
 r a fysischer

fysis moment $= \text{fM} \frac{b r m}{((r-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \text{fM} \frac{b r m}{((r+a)^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

a hier in langere fysis moment

$= \text{fM} \frac{2 b r m}{\left(\frac{1}{((r-a)^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1}{((r+a)^2 + b^2 + c^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)}$

$r m = 100,026 \quad a = 15 \quad b = 15 \quad c = 13,85$
 $r = 15$

$= \text{fM} \frac{45016}{22508} \left\{ \frac{1}{416,83^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1}{1316,83^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right\} = \text{fM} \cdot 0,000096580$

fysis moment $= \text{fM} \cdot \frac{4347}{2,1738}$

$$\frac{\text{faalys} + \text{vagy} + \text{M}(2,1738)}{42477 + 0,0897} = \tilde{F} \frac{x}{L}$$

A golyó tömege =

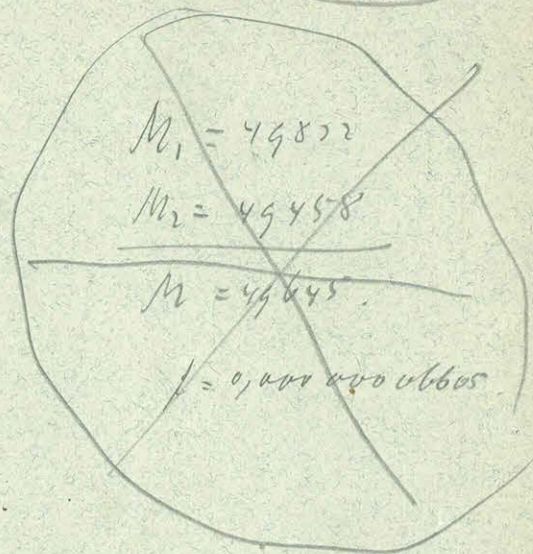
$$4x = 57,6 \text{ m.m.}$$

$$x = 14,4$$

$$L = 1202$$

$$F = 0,605$$

Ursprung



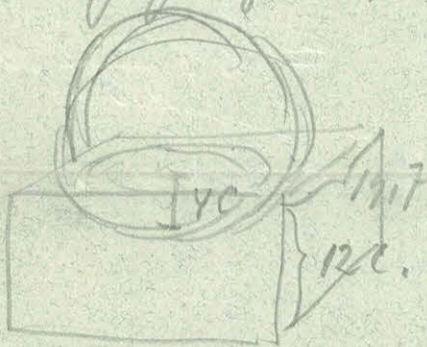
A golyó tömege vonatkozásban

A I. oldalon golyó faalys = 48550 gramm

a II. oldalon = 491700 gr

A fa falysa 0,466

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A fa tömegét 485904

$$= 19,7 \times 12 - \frac{\pi \cdot 36}{3} (30 - 0)$$

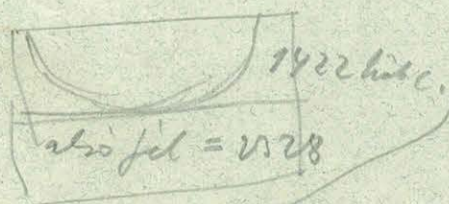
$$= 485904$$

A golyó 4 tartományban mérve a falys

egy fa darab súlya = $2,750 \times 0,466 = 1747 \text{ gr}$

e szorzat I. oldalon golyó súlya = 46,800 gr.

II. oldalon golyó súlya = 47,950 gr.



A fadarabok tömege $\&$ hitec.

$$M = 1750 \quad r = 100 \quad b = r = a = 15$$

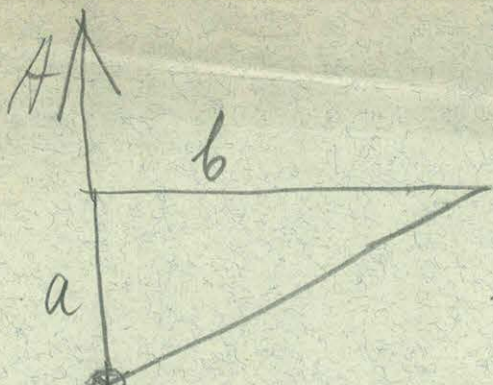
$$c = 25$$

lesz a golyó súlya = $f \cdot 1750 \cdot 100 \cdot 15 \cdot 15 \left\{ \frac{1}{850^2} - \frac{1}{1750^2} \right\}$

$$= 1051$$

A golyó súlya vonatkozásban $M = 47275 \text{ d} = 47275 \cdot 2,2605 = 107233$

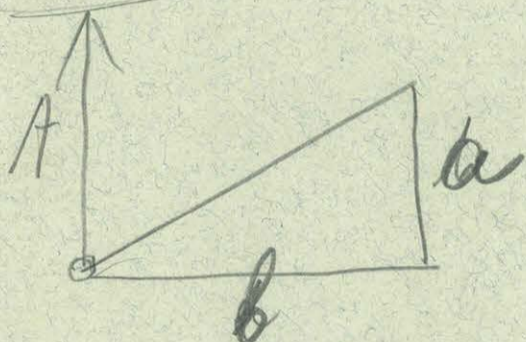
e szorzat $f(107233 + 1051) = 0,605 \frac{14,4}{1202} \quad f = 0,000000674$



$$+ \sigma f c \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2} + \sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}{c} - \sigma f c \log \frac{b + \sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}{\sqrt{a^2+c^2}}$$

$$+ \sigma f a \arctan \frac{bc}{a\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}$$

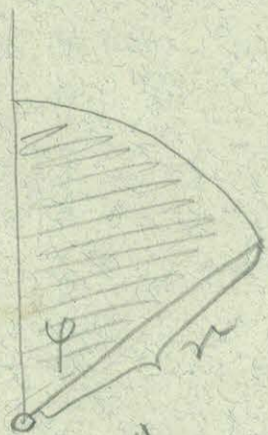
Φ



$$A + \sigma f b \log \frac{\sqrt{b^2+c^2} + c}{b} - \sigma f b \log \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2} + c}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}}$$

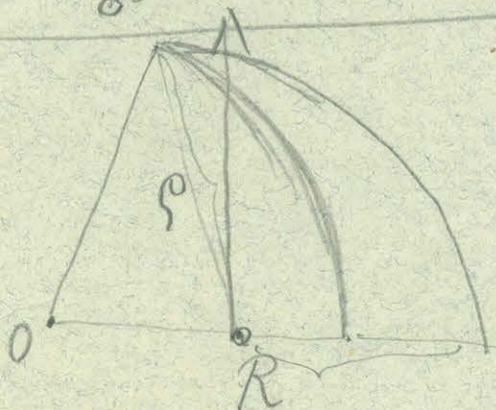
$$\Phi + \sigma f c \log \frac{b + \sqrt{b^2+c^2}}{c} - \sigma f b \frac{c}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{a^2+b^2} + \sqrt{a^2+b^2+c^2}}{c}$$

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$$\sin \varphi \sigma f c \log \frac{r + \sqrt{r^2+c^2}}{c}$$

Φ



$$\sigma/c \left\{ \frac{r^2 l^2}{2lc} \log \frac{(r^2+l^2)}{r^2+l^2} \right\}$$

$$\sigma/c \left\{ \frac{r^2-l^2}{2lc} \log \frac{(\sqrt{c^2+r^2+l^2}-c)^2 (r^2-l^2)}{(r^2+l^2)(\sqrt{(r-l)^2+c^2}-c)(\sqrt{(r+l)^2+c^2}-c)} \right\}$$

$$-\frac{1}{l} \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2} + \frac{1}{2l} (\sqrt{(r+l)^2+c^2} + \sqrt{(r-l)^2+c^2})$$

$$+ \frac{l}{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2} + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2}}{r-l + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2}-rd} + \log \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2} + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2}}{l+r + \sqrt{(l+r)^2+c^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}+l}{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}} \log \frac{r-l + \sqrt{(r-l)^2+c^2}}{c} - \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}-l}{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2} + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2}}{c}$$

$$+ 2\sigma/l \left\{ \log \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2} (c + \sqrt{l^2+c^2})}{l(c + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2})} \right\}$$

$$2\sigma/c \left\{ \log \frac{l + \sqrt{l^2+c^2}}{c} - \frac{l}{\sqrt{r^2+l^2}} \log \frac{\sqrt{r^2+l^2} + \sqrt{r^2+l^2+c^2}}{c} \right\}$$

$$r = 14,9$$

$$l = 10$$

$$c = 6,5$$

$$\frac{6,5}{2,622} = 10,125$$

és

$$c' = 0,7$$

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$$c = 6,5 \quad \Sigma = 12,074$$

$$c' = 0,7 \quad \Sigma = -3,5707?$$